THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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Evening Edition.

Atlanta, Georgia, August 8, 1870.

Supreme Court Decisions.

The pamphlet of the decisions of the Supreme Court for the June term, is now ready to be delivered. Send in your orders at once. Price $1.

Eternal Vigilance is the Price of Liberty.

Let the people in every county in the State assemble in primary meetings to consult in regard to the election, which they are entitled to hold this fall under the constitution of Georgia and the act of Congress of July 15th, 1870, and to send delegates to the conventions to be held in Atlanta on the 16th and 17th of August next. Let there be wisdom in council, firmness and discretion in action.

☞ Governor Bullock, in his organ, publishes Senator Morton's speech at Terre Haute, in which Morton says: "Now we have admitted all the States—Georgia has been admitted; she has taken her place once more in the Union."

A severe rebuke to the conspirators against the liberties of the people of Georgia! The Governor may at last conclude to favor an election this fall. How is it, your Excellency?

☞ The American Dental Association, which held its annual session in Nashville, last week, adjourned on Thursday evening. Officers elected were Dr. W. H. Morgan, of Nashville, President; S. W. Dennis, of California, and J. R. Walker, of New Orleans, Vice-Presidents; J. H. Samon, of Massachusetts, Corresponding Secretary; M. S. Dean, of Chicago, Recording Secretary, and W. H. Goddard, of Louisville, Treasurer.

Atlanta, Georgia, was chosen as the place for the next annual meeting.

Mormon Industry.

In an industrial point of view, the Mormons in Utah are well worthy of study. They arrived at Salt Lake, almost a thousand miles from any white settlements, destitute as the Indians around them. They were forced to work or starve. They began to till the soil, and to raise stock and fruits. When their clothes were worn out, they resorted to the old fashioned spinning wheel and loom. Then grist mills and saw mills were constructed. In 1849 the first carding machine was taken across the Plains. They now succeed in making an ample supply of good cloth.

They have improved their breed of sheep, and now the wool clip of Utah is immense. The Deseret Woolen Mills have one set of thirty-six inch cards, a two hundred and forty spindle mill, and soon will put in a one hundred and ninety-two spindle jack. These mills are capable of turning out one thousand yards of cloth per week.

The Wasatch and the Excelsior Mills have large manufacturing capacity also. Woolen factories are also in progress of erection at Big Springs, in Tooele county, and at Provo. At Beaver City and several other places factories owned and to be worked on the co-operative system are being erected. When all are in full running operation, they will produce $700,000 worth of cloth per annum.

The Mormons are continually working to introduce new industries, one of the most important of which is silk culture. The Territory appears well adapted to it. This year there will be 2,000,000 of cocoons. The manufacture of silk has thus far proven a success.

The Mormons are industrious and frugal, and are making rapid advances in various other industrial pursuits, besides those above mentioned. How much it is to be regretted that they are polygamists.

Sour Grapes—Mercer University.

Mercer University has been located, by a vote of its Board of Trustees, at Macon. We wish our sister city down on the Ocmulgee, "mighty joy" in her new acquisition. Though the people of Atlanta would have much preferred its location in or near their city, and tried very hard to secure it, they have no sneering words to utter, nor flings to make at the society of Macon. Socially speaking, Macon is, or ought to be, a desirable city, and right heartily do we wish that the Trustees may not repent of their action in choosing it for the site of the old and honored institution, of which they are the guardians. Right heartily, too, do we wish that Macon may realize all the benefits socially, morally and materially, which she anticipates, from the possession of the prize which she has fairly won.

That the majority of the people of Atlanta had set their hearts upon obtaining the prize, we have good reason to know. In obedience to their wishes the columns of this journal were freely used to aid them in their efforts to win it. Yet our individual convictions as to the pecuniary advantages that were expected to accrue from an investment in Mercer University, by the City Council of Atlanta, of fifty thousand dollars was never so strong as that of many of our neighbors. We would much prefer to bet on well-ordered, well-conducted public schools, free to all the children of the city, than upon any University or college, to attend which the pupil is required to pay tuition fees.

Now that Oglethorpe is a fixture and Mercer is fled from us, would it not be well to push forward the public school system with vigor? To this end, let every friend of educational progress in the city urge upon the members of the Legislature to hurry through our asked-for amendment to the city charter, enabling the Council to issue bonds and raise revenue to inaugurate and support a public school system, so that the Board of Education may go vigorously to work at once.

If we can pay fifty thousand dollars for Mercer, we can well afford to go fifty thousand better on a thorough system of public schools. For some reasons, we are sorry we did not get Mercer; but for some more potent and practical reasons, we are glad we will now have no excuse on the score of poverty to be stingy in our appropriations for the erection of public school buildings on the most approved models, and employing the best of teachers to take charge of them and educate our children in them.

Farewell, Mercer. Now for the public schools.

☞ How well our Congressmen attend to business is shown by the recently published record of the roll calls of the House. These tables show that the average attendance was but little over one-half the total number of members.

Letter from Forsyth County.

CUMMING, GA., August 2, 1870.

At a meeting of the citizens of the county of Forsyth, held in the court-house in Cumming this day, for the purpose of expressing their wishes concerning the election of the Legislature in November next, as provided by the constitution of this State,

On motion, Rev. F. M. Hawkins was called to the chair, and J. T. Brown requested to act as secretary.

The Chair then explained the object of the meeting in a brief and pointed manner.

Colonel H. P. Bell then offered the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The constitution of the State of Georgia, article 3, section 1, paragraph 2, provides that the Senators representing the 22 Senatorial districts, numbered in said constitution with odd numbers, shall only hold their offices for two years, and that the members of the House of Representatives shall be elected for two years—the election to be held on Tuesday after the first Monday in November of every second year, except the first election under said constitution, which was to be held within sixty days after the adjournment of the convention framing said constitution; and whereas, said first election was held on the 20th day of April, 1868, and three days following; and whereas, the term for which the said Senators representing the said districts numbered with odd numbers, and all the Representatives of the General Assembly of said State, expires on the said Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1870, at which time the constitution of the State provides for the election of their successors by the qualified voters of the State; and whereas, the act of the United States Congress admitting Georgia to representation in the National Legislature, approved 15th July, 1870, expressly provides that nothing in said act, or any other act for the reconstruction of Georgia, shall be construed to affect the term of officers under the constitution thereof; therefore, be it

1. Resolved by the people of Forsyth county, That without respect to party, race or color, we are for holding the election as provided by the constitution of said State.

2. That propositions to extend the term of office of the present members beyond the time limited in the constitution is a despotic usurpation of power, a flagrant violation of the constitution of the State of Georgia, and is a violation of the oaths of office of every member who supports it.

3. That any act or resolution of the General Assembly to extend their term for a time longer than that fixed by the constitution, being in violation of the organic law, and the overthrow of constitutional liberty, would be utterly null and void, and should be so regarded by the law-abiding people of an outraged State.

4. That we hereby pledge ourselves to support the constitution of the United States and of the State of Georgia, and yield implicit obedience to all laws passed in conformity therewith, and we respectfully and earnestly urge the Legislature to take no action that will violate the constitution or deprive the people of the constitutional right of the elective franchise.

As offered by Colonel H. P. Kellogg:

5. That the people be, and are respectfully requested to hold public meetings, without respect of party, and express their views on this important subject.

6. That the secretary furnish copies of this meeting to THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, New Era, the True Georgian, and the Southern Watchman, and request that they publish the same.

F. M. KAWKINS, Chairman.
J. T. BROWN, Secretary.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

MONDAY, August 8, 1870.

Senate called to order by President Conley.

Prayer by Wesley Prettyman.

Mr. Welch, chairman of Committee on General Education, submitted a report that they had ascertained that $242,000 was in the Treasury as a school fund. Received and tabled.

A resolution that the stock in the Georgia Railroad, owned by the State, be considered as bank stock and the interest set apart for an educational fund. Tabled.

A message was received from Rufus B. Bullock, inclosing a communication from Madison Bell, Comptroller General. Mr Bell gives the educational fund as $242,000.

It was announced that the Governor had received $268,000, 7 per cent. bonds, which were to be deposited as security for the school fund.

The following bills were read for the first time.

Mr. Harrell—To provide for continuances in certain cases.

Mr. Smith (36th)—To legalize acts of Mayor and Council of Grantville.

Mr. Dunning—To donate to Clayton county the State tax for 1870.

Also, to loan the credit of the State to the Georgia and Western Railroad Company.

Mr. Harris—To legalize the marriage of Jesse W. Lamb and Sarah E. Lamb, of Newton county.

Mr. Speer—To lay out a new county out of Monroe and Pike, to be called Crittenden, and add the same to the 4th Congressional District.

Wallace (15th amendment)—To amend the laws relative to common carriers.

Mr. Wooten—To more effectually carry out the homestead and exemption laws.

Mr. Nesbitt—To incorporate the Atlanta Mining Company.

Also, to incorporate the Excelsior Mining Company.

Also, to incorporate the Euharlee Mining and Manufacturing Company.

Mr. Colman—To incorporate the Brunswick and Augusta Railroad Company.

Also, to allow the Brunswick and Albany Railroad to cross the Flint river at Albany.

Campbell (15th amendment)—To incorporate the Skidaway, Savannah and Seashore Railroad Company.

Also, to regulate the fees of clerks of Superior and District courts.

Aaron Alpeora Bradley—To enable the city of Savannah to open a street on the bank of the river, make docks, etc.

Mr. McAlthur—To prevent Solicitor Generals from giving orders to jailers to discharge prisoners, unless said order is taken in open court.

Mr. Sherman—To incorporate the National Emigration Improvement and Manufacturing Company.

Mr. Brock—To authorize Dennis Reed and Sarah McElwrath, of Harralson county, to sue and collect as physicians.

House bill to incorporate the Newnan and Americus Railroad Company read the second time and referred.

Mr. Candler offered a resolution that after to-day the Senate meet at 9 o'clock, A. M., and adjourn at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Mr. Speer offered to amend by inserting 9:30 A. M., and 1:30 P. M.

Two o'clock was stricken out. Half-past 1 o'clock stricken out. Half-past 9 o'clock stricken out. Resolution to meet at 9 o'clock, A. M., and adjourn at 1 o'clock, P. M., adopted.

Bills were then taken up for third reading.

To incorporate Georgia Banking Company of Savannah. Bank Committee recommend its passage with an amendment. Report agreed to and bill passed. Holcombe and Griffin (21st), voted nay.

To amend act incorporating Fort Valley. Passed.

To change the time of holding Macon Superior Courts. Tabled.

To repeal an act organizing Criminal Courts in Georgia. Passed.

To change the time of holding Emanuel Superior Court. Passed.

To amend act incorporating Gainesville, giving it the privileges of a city. Tabled.

To repeal an act to encourage the building of mills. Passed.

To incorporate the Cotton States Fertilizing Company of Macon. Passed.

To amend the charter of the city of Macon. Tabled.

To legalize the revision of jury boxes in Pike, and authorize the drawing of jury in ——county.

The Judiciary Committee recommended a substitute to provide for a revision of jury boxes in all the counties of this State. Substitute adopted.

To authorize the Governor to employ a State Geologist. Passed.

To incorporate the Pottersville Manufacturing Company of Taylor county. Passed.

To amend an act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues in Harris county, to make it apply to all counties in the State.

The Judiciary Committe recommend the bill do not pass. Report disagreed to, and on motion, Pike county inserted in place of all counties in the State, and passed.

To create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues in Richmond county. Passed.

To incorporate the Dollar Savings Bank of Atlanta. Passed.

To allow the Ordinary of Oglethorpe county to issue $10,000 bonds to build a poor house and hospital. Passed.

To incorporate the Macon Canal and Manufacturing Company. Passed.

To authorize R. W. Hawksworth, an alien, of Bibb county, to plead and practice law. The Judiciary Committee recommend that the bill do not pass. Report agreed to and bill lost.

For relief of Zedediah E. Garrison, of Coweta county. Tabled.

To relieve Israel Maples, of Mitchell county. Judiciary Committe recommend the bill do not pass. Discussed to the hour of adjournment.

Senate adjourned to 9 o'clock, A. M., tomorrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, August 8, 1870.

House met at the usual hour, and was called to order by the Speaker.

Prayer by the Rev. Dr. Brantly.

Journal of Saturday's proceedings was read.

Mr. Cleghorn, Chairman of the Committee on New Counties and County Lines, recommend the passage of the bill to annex the county of Hancock to the Ocmulgee Circuit, and the county of Glascock to the Middle Circuit.

The following bills were read the first time:

Mr. Turnipseed—A bill to authorize the Ordinary of Clay to issue bonds to aid in building a Court House, and also a bill amendatory of the act to incorporate the town of Fort Gaines.

Mr. Rice—A bill to incorporate the town of Harlem in Columbia county.

Also, a bill to establish a system of public instruction.

Mr. Smith, of Charlton—A bill to change the time for the annual meetings of the Legislature.

Mr. O'Neal, of Baldwin—A bill to abolish the penitentiary.

Mr. Madden—A bill to repeal an act to keep in repair the public roads of Burke county, and to levy an annual tax for that purpose.

Mr. Lane—A bill to authorize N. S. Glover, of Jones county, to blast a channel through the waters of the Ocmulgee River in aid of his mills, etc.

Mr. Fitzpatrick—A bill to amend the several acts incorporating the city of Macon to divide said city into wards, etc.

Mr. Johnson, of Spalding, offered the following bills in place of Mr. Franks, of Bibb:

A bill to alter and amend section 1663 of Irwin's Code.

A bill making mutual dissatisfaction between man and wife a cause for divorce.

A bill to provide for trials in cases of bastardy.

A bill to define who are citizens of this State.

A bill to exempt from jury duty certain members of the Macon fire department.

A bill to alter and amend an act to organize a criminal court for each county of this State.

Also, a bill to provide for and fix the pay of grand and petit jurors.

Turner, (colored)—A bill to repeal section 1709 of Irwin's Code.

Also, a bill to repeal section 1707 of Irwin's Code, which section prohibits the intermarriage between whites and persons of color.

Also, a bill to repeal so much of section 4245 of Irwin's Code as relates to criminals being sentenced to work in the chain gang, etc.

Also, a bill to enforce the revenue laws of this State.

Mr. Ford—A bill to incorporate the Polk County Mining and Manufacturing Company.

Also, a bill explanatory and amendatory of the homestead law.

Also, a bill to lay out and organize a new county from the counties of Bartow, Floyd and Gordon.

Also, a bill to authorize the ordinary and road commissioners of the county of Bartow to classify public roads, etc.

Mr. Raddish—A bill to authorize the treasurer of Appling county to receive jury certificates in payment of dues to said county.

Mr. Harkness—A bill to change the lines between Butts and Henry counties.

Also, a bill to incorporate the Griffin, Monticello and Madison Railroad Company.

Mr. Scott—A bill to authorize the trustees of the University of Georgia to sell certain property.

Also, a bill to exempt members of the Hook and Ladder, and of the Mountain City Fire Company, of the city of Rome, from jury duty.

On motion, the rules were suspended to take up the Senate resolution for the appointment of a joint committee to investigate and report what legislation is necessary on the subject of relief.

The resolution was taken up and concurred in.

Mr. Price gave notice that he would move for a reconsideration of the House action on the Senate resolution to-morrow.

A message from the Senate was received saying that the bill to incorporate the town of Montezuma had been passed by that body.

A message was received from the Governor, saying that the following bills had been approved and signed by the Governor, to-wit:

An act to alter and amend the road laws of this State, so far as they relate to the county of Terrell.

Also, an act to change the time of holding Houston, Twiggs and Catoosa county courts.

A message from the Governor was received, transmitting the following communications:

COMPTROLLER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
August 8, 1870.

To his Excellency Rufus B. Bullock:

SIR: In accordance with the provisions of section 1 of the act approved 28th July, 1870, entitled an act to set apart and secure the school fund, I have the honor to report the following statement of the amount of school fund as far as can now be ascertained in the Treasury up to 1st July, 1870, to-wit:

Poll tax of 1868 actually ascertained and separated from the general tax $86,336 63.
Poll tax of 1869 actually ascertained and separated from the general tax $76,089 51.
Amount of educational tax from other sources since July 4th, 1868, $79,099 48.
Total $242,527 62.

The following sums are certified by the Treasurer at the dates indicated as "interest-on State deposits," to-wit: August 23d, 1869, $336 10; December 28, 1869, $1,546 05—total, $1,882 15. This may belong to the school fund, but there was nothing in the face of the Treasurer's certificate to indicate it, so I have not reported it. There is probably a small amount of insolvent poll tax paid in by Tax Collectors during the years 1869 and 1870, but it will be necessary to carefully examine the Receipt Book for those years, which can be done hereafter and reported in my next report on this subject.

Madison Bell, Comptroller General, received of his Excellency, Rufus Bullock, this 6th of August, 1870, $268,000 of 7 per cent. bonds, numbered from 1 to 258 inclusive, the same being a deposit to secure for the school fund, $242,027 62, the amount reported by the Comptroller General on the 30th of July, 1870. All this is done under, and by virtue of, and to be held in accordance with an act to set apart and secure the school fund appropriated July 28, 1870.

N. L. ANGIER, Treasurer.

On motion of Mr. O'Neal, of Lowndes, the rules were suspended and the bill to extend the corporate limits of the city of Balnbridge was read a third time, passed and ordered to be transmitted to the Senate.

A large number of bills were read the second time and referred to appropriate committees, etc.

Leaves of absence were granted to Messrs. Harper of Sumter, Fryer, Warren of Quitman, Evans, Williams of Morgan, Darnell and Rice.

The hour of adjournment having arrived, the Speaker declared the House adjourned until 10 A. M., to-morrow.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, August 7.—European dispatches are somewhat confused, but they are translated at the North German Legation greatly to the advantage of Prussia.

A train in approaching White Sulphur, Virginia, ran off the track yesterday. Twelve killed, twenty wounded—no ladies hurt.

RALEIGH, August 7.—Geo. W. Brooks, Judge of the United States District Court, in the District of North Carolina, has issued writs of habeas corpus for all citizens now held by Kirk, under an order of Governor Holden, to appear before him at Salisbury, where he opens court to-morrow.

The Marshal leaves to-night to serve the writs.

GREENBRIAR, WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, Virginia, August 7.—All the killed and wounded by the railroad accident at Jerry's Run have been identified except two. Killed—Major Paxon and son, Colonel Baulware, of Virginia; M. Paxton, Vicksburg; J. Morrisett, Alabama; J. B Headley, New Jersey; N. M Norfleet and P. B Minor, Richmond; ex-Senator Cobb, New Jersey; Dr Read, Virginia. Wounded—S B Hance, Maryland; Everett, Virginia; R Ford, Virginia; Isham Ford, Virginia; Greene, Virginia, seriously in the head; Thomas J Winston, Richmond, Virginia, slightly in the back; Wm Clements, Henrico county, Virginia, slightly; Charles E Hoge, Stanton, Virginia, badly in head and wrist; N Crump, Richmond, Virginia, seriously; J S. Pollard, Montgomery, Alabama, severely but not dangerously; Colonel Jordan, Railroad Superintendent, Mobile, Alabama, severely but not dangerously; Wm. Kelly, Stanton, Virginia, hurt internally and badly; George Tyee, slightly; Wm. R. Moale, Baltimore, Maryland, slightly.

The accident was caused by the hind truck of the coach next to the last car running off the track after passing over the trestle work and curve in the road at Jerry's Run, two miles from Alleghany Station, and eight miles from the White Sulphur Springs. The train was running at the rate of only six miles an hour and up a very steep grade. The conductor discovered that the car was off the track and pulled the alarm bell and the train was taken up in a very short space, but the car that was off the track had lost its equilibrium and went over the bank.

It is supposed that the accident is the result of the sudden breaking of a wheel.

The killed will be transported to Richmond in the morning, except Major Paxton and son, who will be sent to Lexington.

Railroad officials have done everything in their power for the wounded. A special train was dispatched from here with a surgeon as soon as the accident was known. A portion of the wounded are at Jerry's Run, and a portion here, who are kindly cared for by physicians, and nursed by lady visitors, and all in a fair way of recovery.

NEW YORK, August 7.—Great interest is felt in the International Yacht race to-morrow.

The United States Revenue officials commenced suit against one hundred grocers in Brooklyn, for selling packages without stamps.

FOREIGN.

BERLIN, August 7.—The French have been defeated along the entire line, in two days fighting, and are in retreat on Metz, and concentrating for the defense of Paris. Their losses are immense.

McMahon was beaten on the right, and Frossard on the left.

The Prussians captured 4,000 prisoners, 30 guns and 6 mitrailleuse from McMahon.

PARIS, August 7.—French official reports say that they met with reverses on both wings.

Paris is tumultuous at defeat.

BERLIN, August 7.—The following official dispatches have been received:

MAYENCE, August 6, 6:10 P. M.—The French were turned back on their entire line, and commenced to retreat on the interior of France. The French had commenced an advance from Saarbruck, which they had held since the famous battle of three divisions against three companies of Prussians, but having to fall back, they burned that rich and unprotected town, and in withdrawing spread conflagration by throwing hot shot into it.

SAARBRUCK, August 7.—The town of Saarbruck has just been retaken by the first Prussian Corps under the command of General Steinmetz.

MAYENCE, August 7.—General Gordon reports concerning the fight west of Saarbruck, many hundreds of prisoners were taken from there. Our force in the action was four divisions. Night alone put an end to the fighting. The enemy covered his retreat by a heavy fire of artillery. General Frassards is dead. The loss is heavy on both sides. The number of officers of the enemy killed is especially large.

Prince Royal reports the enemy in battle, in which we defeated McMahon, whose corps had been reinforced by divisions from the corps of Failly and Canrobert. Loss was great on both sides. An official dispatch from Berlin says Napoleon has withdrawn his entire line, and is concentrating for the defence of Paris. His loss has been enormous. The Prussians overtook the retreating French early on Saturday, west of Saarbruck. The French endeavored to make a stand, and took position at the point of the bayonet. This is known as the battle of Haguenau.

BERLIN, August 7.—The King has sent the following to the Queen:

"Good news; a great victory has been won by our Fritz. God be praised for it! MARY." We captured 4,000 prisoners, 30 guns, 2 banners and 6 mitrailleuse. During the fight, McMahon was heavily reinforced from the main army. The contest was very severe, lasting from 7, A. M. to 9 P. M., when the French retreated leaving us the field. Our loss is heavy."

MAYENCE, August 7.—Frederick Charles is at Bienhustie and General Steinmitz is between Saarbrueck and Saarbruck. General headquarters at Kaiserslautern.

It is reported that Marshal McMahon was wounded yesterday.

COLOGNE, August 6—Midnight.—There was a violent combat at Saarbruck to-day, commencing at 11 o'clock A. M., and at 9 to-night it still continued. Our troops repulsed the enemy, who have abandoned the field of battle. We have conquered. Our losses are heavy.

LONDON, August 7.—The position taken by England in regard to Belgium, is approved by Prussia.

PARIS, August 7.—A special to the New York Times, from the very best authority, states that Italy sends 55,000 troops this week to the aid of France, and it is believed in official quarters that Austria will also send a contingent at once.

In the battle of Hayena, on the 6th, General Colson, General McMahons, chief of staff, was killed by his own side. General Raonet is missing.

Telegraph Markets.

NEW YORK, August 8.—Flour quiet, without decided change. Wheat dull and drooping. Corn firmer. Pork quiet at 29 75. Lard, bbls. 16½ a 16¾. Cotton quiet but firm; Uplands 19¼; Orleans 20c. Sales 400. Turpentine quiet at 39. Rosin steady. 1 72 strained. Freights dull. Stocks very strong. Gold 19¾. Money 35; Exchange, long 9½, short 10¾. Bonds 12. Tennessee ex-coupons 62; new 50; Virginia ex-coupons 54½; new 68; Louisiana, old, 65½; new 65; levee 6's 36; eights 82; Alabama 8's 93; 5's 71; Georgia 6's 82; seven's 90; old 48; new 29; South Carolina, old 80; new 70.

LONDON, August 8.—Noon—Consols 90¼. Bonds firmer and higher, 85½; stocks firmer and higher.

Later.—Consols 91; bonds 86.

LIVERPOOL, Noon, August 8.—Cotton firm; Uplands 7¾; Orleans 8½ a 8¾; sales 12,000.

Latest.—Cotton buoyant; Uplands 8¼; Orleans 8¾; sales 15,000. Red western wheat 1 67 a 1 68; winter 1 00 a 1 07. Tallow 44 a 46.

FRANKFORT, August 7.—Bourse buoyant, 88.

"BAD BLOOD."

"The Life is the Blood."

FROM it we derive our strength, beauty, and mental capabilities. It is the centre of our being, around which revolves all that makes existence happy. When this source is corrupted the painful effects are visible in many shape, prominent among which is

SCROFULA.

This is a taint or infection of the human organism, and probably no one is wholly free from it. It exhibits itself in various shapes—as Ulcers and Sores, Decayed Bones, Diseased Scalp, Sore Eyes, Weak and Diseased Joints, St. Vitus' Dance, Foul Discharges from the Nostrils, Eruptions, Glandular Affections, Throat Affections, Rheumatism, Heart Affections, Nervous Disorders, Barrenness, Disorders of the Womb, Dropsy, Syphilitic Affections, Liver Complaints, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Loss of Manhood and General Debility.

It has been the custom to treat these diseases with Mercury and other Mineral substances, which, though sometimes producing a cure, often prove injurious and entails misery in after life. The long known injurious properties of these, so called alteratives and purifiers has led the philanthropical man of science to explore the arena of nature, the result of which has been the discovery of a vegetable product which possess the power of eradicating these Taints from the Blood.

DR. TUTT'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT

Is the acknowledged antidote to all Blood Diseases. By its use the afflictions above enumerated can be permanently banished, and the Source—the Centre of Life—the Blood, be maintained in all its purity and vigor.

For Diseases produced by the use of Mercury, and for Syphilis, with its train of evils, this compound is the only cure antidote.

To the poor creatures, enfeebled in mind and body, by secret practices, whose nerves are unstrung, and countenance downcast

The Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT

Is a blessing. Try it fairly, and your nerves will be restored to their wonted vigor, and your dejected countenance be made radiant with the consciousness of

Restored Manhood.

Being free from violent or mercury, it is adapted to general use. The old and young may use it; the most delicate female at any time may take it; the tender infant, who may have inherited disease, will be cured by it.

For Purifying the Blood

USE

DR. TUTT'S

Extract of Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT.

When used in the Spring it removes all humors which infect the system, and frees the languor and debility peculiar to that season of the year. Acts promptly on the

Liver and Kidneys,

Producing a healthy action of the important organs by which all the impurities of the system are carried off, and the result is

A Clear Skin, a Good Appetite, and Buoyant Spirits.

PREPARED BY

WM. H. TUTT & LAND,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.

And Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

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THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaint, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Soureess of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., Dec. 3, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga. Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I know of no combinations or preparation equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and would cordially recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

I am, very respectfully,
T. S. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

WEST POINT, GA., Oct. 15, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER: Gentlemen—I can honestly and confidently recommend L. B. Abbett's Liver or Dyspeptic Medicine, as prepared by you, to the favorable notice of the suffering public. Having used this Medicine myself in my family for twenty years, I can highly recommend it for removing pain or flatulency from the stomach, caused by indigestion. It also has a happy effect in removing constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. With my best wishes to you in introducing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain,

Yours, truly,
A. R. KENDRICK.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, General Agents,
Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.
CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs,
nov24-dly West Point, Ga.

LIPPMAN'S

GREAT

GERMAN BITTERS,

TONIC, INVIGORANT,

—AND—

PALATABLE STIMULANT.

BY far the best and purest preparation in the world for Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint; a sure preventive for Fever and Ague, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

LIPPMANN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are a Medicinal Cordial, possessing powerful alterative, anti-bilious and invigorating properties, that can be taken by old or young, male or female, with beneficial results.

FOR FEMALES,

LIPPMAN'S BITTERS are invaluable. They build up the system, bring health and bloom to the cheek of the invalids. As a remedy for nervous wakefulness, to which females are especially subject, they are fast superseding all other stimulants.

LIPPMAN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are a Cordial for the aged, and a sure protection against malarious diseases. Persons living in damp and malarious climates will find these Bitters a valuable remedy; a small dose taken occasionally, will prevent many day's and, perhaps week's of sickness.

No License at all necessary to sell these Bitters.

SAVANNAH, GA., March 16, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Savannah, Ga.:

GENTS: I have before me your esteemed letter of the 14th instant, containing various documents relative to your "German Bitters." After a careful examination, I must confess that your Bitters is really what you represent it to be, an old German recipe of Dr. Mitcherlich, of Berlin, Prussia. It will, no doubt, be excellent for Dyspepsia, general debility and nervous diseases, and it is a good preventive of Chills and Fevers. I find it to be the most delightful and pleasant stom achic.

I remain, yours truly,
[Signed] AUG. P. WEITER.

KIRKLAND MILLS, GA., March 22, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Druggists, Savannah, Ga.:

GENTLEMEN: I have introduced your Great German Bitters here, to my customers and friends, and I find a better sale for them than any I have ever kept before. Those who have tried them, approve of them very highly, and I do not hesitate in saying that they are far superior in value to any other Bitters now in use.

Yours, respectfully,
[Signed] W. KIRKLAND.

LIPPMAN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are sold by

DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS GENERALLY,

And are prepared in the Laboratory of the

WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE

—OF—

Jacob Lippman & Bro.,

SAVANNAH, GA.

B. F. WILY, PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., and A. J. WEST & CO., Atlanta, Georgia, Wholesale Agents for Lippmann's Great German Bitters.

may15-dly

Wide Awake! Wide Awake!

TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

WE are now prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions, to order. If you want Patent Leather, Calf-skins, Best Stock, Water proof, Light stitch or Pumps of the finest French Calf-skin, we can furnish them to you at short notice and warrant the fit. The soles are made of the finest Kngli h Sole Leather and Fancy Gaiters of all descripti n as made for gentlemen in the most approved style. Call and see us at our Shops, on Pryor street, in front of the Theatre, if you want the finest and best fitting Boots in the city.

WANTED—Five first class Boot Makers. None others need apply.

G. HUGHES & BRO.
jan23-dly

W. G. NEWMAN. JOHN R. FAIN

NEWMAN & FAIN,

Contractors and Builders,

(Office up-stairs over R. H. Goodman's Store.)

NO. 32 PEACHTREE STREET,

july6-dlm ATLANTA, GA.

CATALOGUES COTTON UP IN THE MOST approved style at THE CONSTITUTION office.

JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE CONSTITUTION office.

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

BUCK LEAD

Excels all other LEAD!

1st. For its Unrivaled Whiteness,
2d. For its Unequaled Durability,
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.

Lastly, for its Great Economy.

☞ It COSTS LESS to paint with BUCK LEAD than any other White Lead extant. The same weight covers more surface, is more durable, and makes WHITER WORK.

BUCK LEAD, is the Cheapest and Best.

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

BUCK ZINC

Excels all other ZINCS.

1st. For its Unequaled Durability.
2d. For its Unrivaled Whiteness,
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.

Lastly, for its Great Economy.

being the Cheapest, Handsomest, and most Durable White Paint in the world.

BUY ONLY

BUCK LEAD AND BUCK ZINC.

Try It and be Convinced.

Satisfaction Guaranteed by the Manufacturers,

Buck Cottage Colors,

Prepared expressly for Painting COTTAGES, OUT BUILDINGS of every description, FENCES, etc. THIRTY-FIVE DIFFERENT COLORS. Durable, Cheap, Uniform, and Beautiful shades.

Sample cards sent by mail if desired.

Dealers' Orders will be promptly executed by the manufacturers.

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,

N. W. Cor. Tenth and Market Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

For sale by PEMBERTON, WILLSON & TAYLOR & CO., feb22-dly Atlanta, Ga.

A LOT WANTED.

WE wish to RENT A LOT within the city limits; will take it on a Lease, with the privilege of purchasing. To a person owning a large tract, this is a fine opportunity to improve it, as we design erecting, alone, a Steam Furniture Manufactory.

RUNDEAU & CO.,
june28-dtf 15 Decatur street.

SOUTHERN DYE HOUSE.

A. E. SHULHAFER'S NEW YORK MILLINERY STORE, No. 67 Whitehall Street, Empire Block,

IS AGENT FOR THIS CITY,

Where orders may be left for any description of work in our line.

General Office Cor. Washington and Broad Sts., and Dye Works 79 and 81 Ellis Street, Augusta, Ga.

We respectfully beg to inform the public that we are now ready to do DYEING and CLEANING of all kinds of SILKS, VELVETS and RIBBONS, WOOLEN GOODS, ALPACAS, WORSTED GOODS and GENTS' CLOTHING, KID GLOVES, CURTAINS, LACES, CRAPE SHAWLS, etc., in all colors. Also, Gents' Clothing Repaired and Altered.

First-class work or no pay.

BLASCOW & BEROUD,
july1-dly French Dyers.

UNIVERSAL LIFE INS. CO.

—NEW YORK—

The Original Joint-Stock Life Ins. Co. of the United States.

The business of this Company is EXCLUSIVELY confined to the insurance of first class healthy lives.

THE DISTINCTIVE FEATURE

of the *Stock* system of Life Insurance, as opposed to the *Mutual*, is a low rate of premium for a stated sum insured, which is IMMEDIATE, SECURED and CERTAIN; in lieu of a high rate of premium with a promised dividend, which is DISTANT, CONTINGENT and UNCERTAIN; this so-called dividend being merely a return of a *portion* of the excessive and unnecessary premium charged in the first instance

ILLUSTRATION.

Suppose that an individual aged thirty desires to devote $200 a year for the purpose of effecting an insurance on his life; this amount will immediately secure him in the UNIVERSAL, the sum of $11,224, payable on his decease. This sum, paid to a company charging the ordinary mutual rates, would secure him the sum of $6,451—difference, *immediately secured*, in favor of the UNIVERSAL, $4,277.

To illustrate the importance to the policy-holder of low premiums in entire general terms, it may be stated that by a reduction of *twenty-five* per cent. in the rate of premium, the same amount of money will secure a policy *thirty-three and one-third* per cent. greater, and likewise that a reduction of twenty-five per cent. in the rate of premium is precisely equivalent to an *annual cash dividend of thirty-three and one-third per cent. payable in advance*, or to a dividend of *forty-five per cent.* payable at the end of five years.

By the *Stock* plan the *full cash effect* of the premium is immediately secured to the insured, the Company taking all the risk. By the Mutual plan the full value in insurance of the premium paid, is not secured to the policy-holder, who takes a portion of the risk himself.

THE PREMIUMS

charged by the Universal

The Daily Constitution.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

I. W. AVERY, Editor.

Morning Edition.

Atlanta, Georgia, August 9, 1870.

☞ What have become of the earnings of the State road?

☞ Will Mr. Hotchkiss tell the people if, in his opinion, the State road is managed economically? We understand he has an opinion on this question of economical management.

☞ Campbell Wallace paid a large sum of money into the State treasury, earned by the Western and Atlantic Railroad, during his administration as superintendent. In ten months past only forty-five thousand dollars have been paid in.

What have become of the earnings of the State road?

The Question that Presses for Solution.

We perceive an increasing interest all over the country in the course which the Democracy should adopt in view of the approaching elections. That very able and influential journal, the Courier-Journal, has published several leaders of great cogency on one side of the question, "What should the Democracy do?" while the Mobile Register has very ably represented the opposite opinions to those maintained by our Louisville contemporary. While no one exceeds us in respect for the lofty bearing and principles of the conductors of the Register, candor compels us to say that the Courier-Journal has, in our judgment, the advantage of a practical view of the impending necessities of our situation. It surely cannot be a departure from consistency or principle for us to say that, though we have been wrongfully overborne by numbers at the polls, and that the whole reconstruction policy, which took its shape from violence and distorting sectional prejudice, is now fastened on us in spite of all resistance; that we shall adjourn all further dispute on all such legislation, and while making the best of that, press on to save the country from a further dread infliction of the same fell spirit which mis-begot reconstruction. How does the case stand in naked, insurmountable hardships this moment right in our path? Do we not see our enemies, and the enemies of civil liberty in these States, attempting to perpetuate the power and vitality of issue that are about like seven years locusts to take to the earth, if we will only let them? How well do the leaders who have made base traffic of these principles know that when the catch phrases and banner cries by which they have kept the country excited for thirty years on these issues are silenced, they themselves are left without followers and without power. But just so true is it, that while the Radical can point to the negro and say that the South is bent on the re-enslavement of the "ward of the nation," and that the price of his liberty, the thousands of millions of treasure and seas of blood wasted in our civil war, has all been in vain, we are helpless and hopeless, for our friends in the North will be beaten again and again, to the crack of doom, upon any such issue as that. No, we must have the same chance to shape our State policy and legislation that the favored States have, and until we do this, we are powerless ourselves, and actually elements of weakness to those who would be our truest allies. We will not mince our words. We are as sure, as we are that we shall die, that we must get subsidies from those men who never will agree with us in the abstract idea of negro slavery or negro enfranchisement. We are sure that at this moment there are tens of thousands of honest minded men (we care not for the argument how mistaken they are,) who will make of this question of freedom for the negro a paramount one, and never adjourn it for any other under the sun. But that settled, these thousands are ready then to go just as ardently and persistently as ever, for the equal rights of the white man, and for an honest and responsible administration of public affairs. Here is the gist of the question: Shall we invite and accept co-operation with these men to save what is left of our liberties and our personal rights. We think we may, and without the charge of huckstering or trifling with duty and conscience. We subjoin an article from the New York World, which it will be hard for the opposers of these views to answer satisfactorily:

The South can be relieved only by Northern Democratic intervention, and Northern Democrats may claim to understand the public sentiment of this section better than our impracticable Southern brethren. Unless they will permit us to act upon our better knowledge of the situation, they must resign themselves to the tender mercies of Radical domination.

We tell them, therefore, in all candor and plainness, that they only rivet their chains by further opposition to negro suffrage. It is not by negro votes that they are oppressed, but by white votes. It is vain for them to inscribe on their political banners the words 'white man's party" so long as their opponents consist of a Congress elected by negro votes. Negro suffrage is the result of white movement. The negroes did not demand suffrage till the white Radicals put it into their heads. The negroes would vote rightly enough, if the white Radicals did not mislead and deceive them. The infamous reconstruction laws were passed by a Congress in which the South were not represented at all, by a Congress, therefore, which was wholly elected by white constituents. It is not by negroes that the South is oppressed, but by white men; its most dangerous enemies are the white Radicals of the North; and it is ridiculous to expect redress from "a white man's party," when a party of white men are the authors of all the mischief. Is Grant a negro? Is Holden a negro? Was old Thad. Stevens a negro, or elected by negro constituents? Has not Europe groaned for ages under priestly craft and kingly tyranny, without a negro among all her oppressors? Are the English oppressors of Ireland negroes? Was Poland dismembered by negroes? Is Cuba held in subjection by a nation of negroes? Unfortunately, a great part of human history consists of recitals of white tyranny and oppression; and nothing could be more preposterous than to expect justice from "a white man's party" on the sole ground that its members are white.

What the South needs to be rescued from is the domination of the white Radical party of the North which has controlled Congress for ten years. The Southern people would have no difficulty in managing the negroes if they were freed from white Radical interference exerted through the Federal Government. In North Carolina, it is Holden's martial law backed by Grant's bayonet's that keeps the State under Radical control. In Georgia, the Radicals dare not hazard an election, and the Legislature is passing an act, under color of Congressional authority, to continue the present Radical officers in authority beyond the term for which they were chosen. It is not negro voting, but outside Federal pressure that is the unmanageable element in Southern politics. The only means of relief is a political revolution in the North, and Southern Democrats must concede that our opportunities for knowing the North are better than theirs.

We ask the Southern Democrats to recognize the fact that the North is the real battle ground of political freedom for their action. Here, where the victory is to be won, if won at all, we have no negro votes worth naming. It is a contest between two parties of white men, and a perpetuation of the old quarrel about the rights of the negro only strengthens the enemy. The negro question is the only one on which the Radical party agree; it is their only principle of cohesion. The surest way to prevent the disintegration of the Republican party, is to keep that question alive and continue to force it upon the country as a political issue. The Democrats can become a majority only by drawing off some Republican votes; but on the negro issue the Republican party can easily hold its own, and so long as it retains the control of Congress there can be no freedom in the South. If that section will heed the timely advice given in the Democratic Congressional address, and drop "dead issues," we can easily revolutionize the lower branch of Congress in this year's elections, now close at hand. We ask the Southern Democrats, both for their sake and for ours, to put no obstacle in the way of our achieving this victory. When the Federal government is once more in Democratic hands, we are quite willing they should manage their local politics in their own way, and will not then intrude upon them any unwelcome advice.

☞ Nearly nineteen centuries have passed away since the fullness of revelation shone in meridian splendor over a benighted world. Yet, in this year of the Lord 1870, the progressive civilizers who have invaded the good old State of Georgia have, from Horace Greeley, Fourier or other free-love champions, caught and embraced some startling ideas.

Among the startling novelties of this new era of progress (?) a Mr. Franks, member of the House of Representatives from Bibb county, has the honor of fixing upon himself the stigma of being the first man in Georgia to seriously make a sacrilegious attempt at legislation to interfere with the sanctity of the marriage relation by introducing a bill of which the following is the text:

"Be it enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, man and wife can be divorced on account of mutual dissatisfaction.

"Be it enacted, That on and after the passage of this act, no woman shall be entitled or be able to swear a child to any man when the man shall be able to show that the act of conception was voluntary on the part of the woman."

If such principles as are implied in the above, and such practices as would be encouraged by the passage of such a bill, are to prevail in the Southern States under the boasted progressive civilization which many Northern emissaries now among us claim they are called to propagate, God save the country, we pray most devoutly and earnestly!

Mr. Franks, of Bibb, ought to retire from this latitude and seek more congenial associates in the free-love omnigamous society at Oneida, New York, or in the church of the Latter Day Saints in the Territory of Utah, where Brigham Young will permit him to seal unto himself as many wives as he wants.

RAILROAD INVESTIGATION.

That "Wayfaring" Committee.

The committee appointed by the Legislature "to make a full and thorough examination into the condition and management of the finances of the Western and Atlantic Railroad since the time said road was placed under the supervision of the present superintendent; also, at the time said road was placed under his control; and also as to the general management of said road; and especially said committee shall be directed to inquire"—(here follow thirty-four specifications.) "The committee is authorized to employ a clerk, administer oaths, send for persons and papers, and required to render a full and complete report to the General Assembly at its meeting in July next."

We quote from the text of the resolution requiring the appointment of the committee. The committee consisted of Walker Brock, (38th) J. M. Colman, (4th) and C. B. Wooten, (11th) on the part of the Senate; A. H. Lee, of Newton, R. M. Parks, of Gwinnett, J. Maxwell, of Henry, R. W. Phillips, of Echols, and Ephraim Tweedy, of Richmond county, on the part of the House of Representatives. Senator C. B. Wooten, on account of continued sickness in his family, was not present at all during the investigations.

R. W. Phillips, of Echols, made a minority report. The other members of the committee are the weary "wayfarers" who could not understand the financial statement that was made out and presented to them, (see page 102 of their report,) and being mentally befuddled and muddled, presented to the public the ever-to-be notorious report, we had occasion to comment on last week, which fails to inform the public clearly upon any of the subjects they were called upon to investigate.

The report in the smallest of its details and as a whole, in letter and in spirit, indicates that the committee did not investigate. Why they did not investigate let the reader judge for himself, who may have the patience to peruse attentively the one hundred and four pages of the pamphlet referred to. He will find it to indicate, on the part of the committee-men who signed it, ignorance and stupidity as investigators, and upon the supposition of a determined purpose to white-wash the management, a want of shrewdness in concealing that determination.

The strongest evidence the committee could adduce to disprove the charge, rife among candid men, who have read the report, that they intended to whitewash the management from the very beginning, is that the work is so stupidly and awkwardly done as to fill the mind with incredulity at the folly and audacity of the members of the committee who signed the report.

There is nothing in the published evidence to indicate that the committee judiciously investigated, and the published evidence is very meagerly reported. The report as a whole clearly proves that the committee did not perform the duty that devolved upon them under the joint resolution raising it, either because they were incompetent or did not wish to do it. It further indicates on almost every page that there is still something conceded, and confirms the almost universally prevalent opinion among those who have given attention to the subject, that the management of the affairs of the State Road has been disreputable to those having it in charge.

The Theater of War.

There are two causes why many readers of the journals of the day derive but little satisfaction from the daily telegrams that come to them from the seat of the Franco-Prussian war. These are, first, the general inaccessibility of correct and minute maps of Europe, and, secondly, the erroneous spelling of names of places by telegraph operators and typographers, many of whom have no reliable authorities to which to refer.

With the aid of an atlas, such as is commonly used in schools, it is believed that the following attempt at an explanation will be acceptable. First, let the student get a clear idea of the course of the Rhine, which rises in the mountains in and west of Switzerland, and in its general course down a little eastward of north, until it reaches Darmstadt, where it makes a bend of almost a semi-circle, as directed that Mayence, which is on the river, is nearly due west from Darmstadt. From Mayence to the sea the general course of the river is northwest. The Rhine forms the boundary line between France and Germany, north of Switzerland, until it arrives at a point below and north of Strasburg. From that point the boundary line between France, on one side, and Bavaria, Luxemburg and Belgium on the other, runs in a northwestern direction. Below the point of divergence of the boundary from the river on the Rhine are the three cities, Manheim, Mayence and Coblentz. A line drawn through these three cities would stretch from Manheim, in a northwesterly direction, and lie nearly parallel to the boundary of France. From or towards this line it was expected that one or the other of the opposing armies would move. As the Prussians moved southwestwardly towards France before crossing her boundary, the following places in that part of Germany known as Bavaria have become historical in this war. Their right wing, as the news is rested on

TREVES,

which is on the Moselle, and is one of the oldest towns in Europe. In the days of Julius Cæsar, it was the chief town of the Treviri. Here are to be seen the remains of the magnificent stone bridge erected by the Romans 28 years B. C., which was blown up by Louis XIV.

A line extending southeast from Treves parallel to the French boundary, if moved forward, would pass over the Saar-Louis, Hamburg, Spire, Landau, Bliescastel just at the Bavarian boundary, Weissenburg, and not far off on the river Lauter, Kaiserslauter—designated Kaiser in our telegrams.

It seems that the Prussians in the recent fight aimed to drive Napoleon's right, and succeeded in doing so, causing him to abandon the command of

SAARBRUCK,

a railway junction, and is perhaps the most important point on the entire line between Luxemburg and the Rhine. A railroad runs from it southwest to Metz, whence there is a railroad to Paris. Three and a half miles west of Saarbruck is Forbach, a small town containing the French custom-house. It is an old place on the highway leading to Paris.

Between Saarbruck and the Rhine are the

VOSGES MOUNTAINS,

an outlying spur of the Jura range. Contrary to the expectation of the European correspondent of the New York Tribune, and others, the principal fighting took place east of Saarbruck instead of west of it. In the opinion of these strategists on paper the mountains forbade the occurrence of the fight in the vicinity of Haguenau, which is to the right of Saarbruck viewing it from the French side, and to the Prussians' left. As the Prussians advance the following points may come into notice. The most noted are Luxemburg, Metz and Strassburg, and smaller ones, Bitsch, Thionville, Walberg, etc., etc.

Bullock Threatens to Veto Railroad Measures.

Whether true or not, certain parties who are zealous co-workers with Governor Bullock in his prolongation scheme, are approaching parties who are interested in getting certain railroad measures through the Legislature, and telling them if they do not favor "prolongation" that Governor Bullock will veto their bills if passed, and they cannot be passed over the veto. Said parties say they have been authorized by Governor Bullock to say so.

Persons interested in getting railroad projects through the Legislature should be watched, and if they fail to do their duty in this crisis, their names should be added to the roll of infamy.

☞ When the mis-count of the yeas and nays on the motion to reconsider the motion to postpone the "Prolongation Resolutions" was taken, last week, Mr. Newton, the clerk, whose duty it was to call the yeas and nays, was not present. Mr. Hardin, who called them and added them up, protests that his mis-count was not intentional, but accidental.

Stick To Your Seats, Democrats.

You can do more for the State and people of Georgia by casting one vote against prolongation than you can by serving the balance of your unexpired term, and you will be consigned to infamy if you fail to do your duty in this crisis. Democrats who *dodge* this question will deserve and receive deeper damnation than if they were to come out and vote for it.

Democrats be to Turned Out of the Legislature.

Everybody thought, last winter, that even Governor Bullock was satisfied with the present Legislature after turning out so many Democrats and putting in conscripts enough to give a Republican majority on joint ballot; but since some honest Republicans dare to differ with him and refuse to do his bidding and aid him in his prolongation and other nefarious schemes, we learn that he has again dragged out his "raw-head and bloody bones" of *"contested seats,"* in order to frighten timid Democrats into the support of prolongation. It is said that some old cases of contested seats, which, until now, were not thought worthy of attention, have been resurrected, and that several Democrats have been informed by friends and co-workers of Governor Bullock, who say they speak with authority, that if they (the Democrats holding said contested seats) *will only dodge the prolongation question and not vote either way*, that the contests will be dropped, and they will be allowed to hold their seats; otherwise, they will be turned out.

Death of Col. A. A. Gaulding.

Col. Archibald A. Gaulding died in this city yesterday, in the 64th year of his age, a victim of consumption.

Col. Gaulding was a man of benevolent nature. He stood high in the Masonic Fraternity; occupied during his life many responsible public stations; in 1847 was a member of the Legislature from Pike county; subsequently held the offices of Surveyor-General of the State and Auditor of the State Road; was for several years one of the proprietors and editor of the Empire State, and subsequently one of the proprietors and editors of the Atlanta Intelligencer, upon the editorial staff of which he was employed at the time of his decease. Holding offices of high trust in the State, he discharged the duties they imposed upon him acceptably and faithfully.

His remains were sent to Griffin yesterday evening for interment. "He giveth the weary rest."

AN INQUIRY TRULY ANSWERED.—What use has Governor Bullock for a short-hand writer in the Executive Department? There is no precedent in the history of Georgia for an appendage to that Department of the State Government.—*Constitution.*

No other Governor of Georgia ever had to run a slander mill at home, and keep the Radical press at the North supplied with bogus dispatches.—*Savannah News.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—Revenue over one million.

FIRST COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Washington, August 8.—By the provisions of the 5th, 6th and 7th sections of the general appropriation act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1871, appropriations expended only for the service of the year—that is, for debts and liabilities accruing within the year—and for appropriations can be used only in payment of debts and liabilities accrued and in the fulfillment of contracts properly made prior to the first day of July, 1870.

These provisions do not apply to appropriations known as permanent or indefinite, nor those to which Congress has given a longer duration of law. Disbursing officers are hereby instructed to observe these provisions of the law strictly, and they are also directed to render separate accounts of disbursements made on account of debts and liabilities accrued, and contracts made prior to July 1, 1870, and separate accounts of payments made on account of the current fiscal year. They will be careful, also, not to use moneys appropriated for former years for the service of the current year.

R. W. TAYLOR, Comptroller.

WILMINGTON, August 8.—The estimates of the Congressional election heretofore given in these dispatches are correct. The delegation stands five Conservatives and two Republicans. The majority of Waddell, Conservative, in this Congressional District is about 600. The political complexion of the Legislature is not very much from the following: Senate, Conservatives 32; Republicans 18; Lower House, Conservatives 75; Republicans 45.

RALEIGH, August 8.—No election returns to-day; but all agree that the State has gone Democratic by a large majority.

J. W. Holden, editor of the Standard, and Stephen Douglas Holden's Acting Adjutant General, were bound under a $1,000 bond for their appearance at the next term of the Superior Court of this county, for committing an assault upon a Mr. Reed.

GREENBRIAR, WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, August 8.—All the wounded by the late accident will recover. It is strange to say they had no bones broken. In consequence of the accident and the presence of the wounded at the Springs the ladies declined to have the usual hop to-night out of respect for the dead and sympathy for the wounded. The effects of the dead are here.

Gen. D. M. Barringer, of North Carolina, arrived to-day.

Weather clear. Thermometer 80.

NEW YORK, August 8.—Miss Nathan's evidence to-day fails to solve the mystery.

General Grant has gone to St. Louis.

The excitement over the Prussian advantages is intense. Many French applying to the Consul for privilege to go home and fight; but their services for the present were declined.

First bale of new Texas cotton sold for 36½ cents per pound.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, August 8.—It is stated privately that the Emperor is ill at Chalons, and that doctors Nelaton and Ricord have gone to attend him.

The British foreign office has imperative demands from Prussia that England shall stop shipments of coal to France, or abandon the pretense of neutrality.

It is believed at Antwerp that the war will end in a week.

A Brussel's dispatch says the King's speech from the throne contains a statement that France and Prussia have given a written pledge to observe the neutrality of Belgium.

The condition of Paris is believed to be dangerous.

The Empress is in council with Rauhr and Schneider.

The Globe says the Prussian Envoy insists on criminal proceedings against British pilots serving on French war vessels. The demand has been refused.

The Times says it is a momentous question whether the Emperor's health leaves him in his ordinary faculties. The war is marked by his usual hesitation, which is attributable to the random and purposeless strategy and puzzling inaction which have, probably, brought on the calamity to the national arms. The Emperor is now bound to accept battle instantly, yet he has on hand the task of concentrating his forces and restoring esprit to a defeated army, and this while his enemy is concentrating in the heart of Lorraine. Circumstances will soon exact the re-appearance of England in the character of a mediator. The Orleans Princes are prodigal of their money in relieving the wounded of the French army.

Ships still enter the Elbe and Wesser, notwithstanding the blockade.

A French ram is cruising off Dover.

Pleasure travel continues in Switzerland despite the excitement the war occasions.

The increase of bank notes had a very good effect upon the grain market, by purging it of speculative operators on borrowed capital.

Ireland receives the news of the French defeat with profound sorrow.

Prussian forces menace Metz and St. Avald.

McMahon continues to retreat towards Nancy.

Illuminations and public rejoicings last night in Hamburg, Dresden, Brest, and other cities.

French prisoners are everywhere kindly treated.

PARIS, August 8.—The Journal Officiel contains the following:

METZ, August 7, 9:30, A. M.—In the battle Saturday, General Calson was shot by McMahon's side. General Raoul is missing. Our artillery suffered heavily. MacMahon is now in communication with General Failley. Metz is preparing for a vigorous defense.

The remainder of the Garde Nationale is to be incorporated with Garde Mobile. The two corps will be organized as a single body at once.

The Journal Officiel says: "The relation of France with other powers is satisfactory, and the late events have developed rather than weakened this feeling."

NIGHT DISPATCHES.

Foreign.

PARIS, August 8.—An Imperial decree has appeared convoking the Senate and Corps Legislatif to-morrow.

The report of the minister of war, approved by the Empress, is published in the official journal. The Minister says: "Existing circumstances oblige us to provide for the defense of the capitol and to garrison it with fresh troops, allowing all those which the Emperor keeps under his orders to contend in the open country against the enemy—emboldened by his first success of marching on Paris, but Paris will not be taken unawares. The exterior forts received their armaments some time ago, and already we have commenced to arm the walls of the city. A siege has been declared to facilitate the execution of certain works which will be commenced to-morrow; their exterior parts are in a condition to sustain a regular siege. In a few days the entire citadel of the walls will be found in a similar condition. Neither the strong arms nor devotion of the inhabitants will be wanting for this task. The national guard is to defend the ramparts, which it will have helped to render unassailable. Forty thousand men taken from its ranks and added to the present garrison will be more than enough to make an active and vigorous defense against an enemy occupying an extended front. The defense of Paris will then be assured, but there is a point not less essential. It is the necessity of filling up the void in our army, with the help of marine troops with regiments still at our disposal in France and Algeria, which, with the 4th batallion of each one hundred regiments, including those members who belong to the Garde Mobile, and with a portion of our Gens D'arms, we may easily put into the field 150,000 men; besides this, the call for the class of 1869 will give us 60,000 men who, in a month, will become real soldiers. But for this struggle we can also employ the entire Nationale Mobile Gardes and the Companie of France.

Here we have 400,000 men, and finally counting on the Garde Nationale Sedentaire, France can then arm 2,000,000 of defenders. Their arms are ready, and millions are still in reserve.

A decree has been issued, ordering that the Garde Nationals of Paris be detailed for the defense of the capital, and that fortifications be placed in condition to resist attack.

A project will be presented to Chambers incorporating in the Nationale and Mobile Garden, officers under 30 years of age who are now out.

LONDON, August 8.—It is said that Emperor Napoleon's attack is a return of his old disease, provoked by equestrianism.

American Generals Sheridan and Forrest have gone to the continent.

Sir John Thwarts, Chairman of the Metropolitan Board of Works, is dead.

John Jones, the murderer of the Marshall family at Denham, was executed this morning, at Aglesbury. He died protesting his innocence.

Bismarck, in a letter, takes special pains to deny having encouraged the plans of General Turr, or others, against Austria. He says Turr is not the person to be trusted with political confidence.

French dispatches, to-day, represent actual hostilities as momentarily suspended, but a rumor prevails that the Prussian armies have concentrated and that a battle is raging before Metz.

At last accounts, Marshal McMahon was at St. Avergne. His corps suffered less than was at first supposed. The report that General Calson was killed by his side, and that General Raoul is missing, is confirmed.

The Pall Mall Gazette says that the result of this battle means the triumph of the Prussians in the war.

The German Press generally consider the French loss irretrievable, but there are three French corps which have not yet been under fire.

A movement of retreat for the purpose of concentrating has been effected and a new line of defense taken up in the passages of the Vosges.

A general battle in front of Metz is considered probable to-morrow. The Prussians are moving in that direction by forced marches.

The defenses of Paris are officially reported as nearly ready to resist the heaviest assault, and it is said that 150,000 men are ready to fill up the ranks of the army in the field, and that the arming of all adults is contemplated.

In the House of Lords to-day, Earl Granville stated that the neutrality of Belgium was now accused by the two powers now at war concurring in the pledge to respect. He recited at great length the cause of the negotiations undertaken by the British Government, and brought to this satisfactory result. Lord Halifax said the Government would not prohibit the exportation of arms, in the House of Commons to-night. No allusion was made to war or kindred topics.

☞ How well our Congressmen attend to business is shown by the recently published record of the roll calls of the House. These tables show that the average attendance was but little over one-half the total number of members.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ NOTICE.—SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, GEORGIA RAILROAD—AUGUSTA, GA., July 23, 1870.—For the accommodation of parties visiting Athens during the commencement exercises, etc., a train will be run on the Athens Branch, every night, from the 28th instant until the 11th proximo inclusive. Said Train will connect at Union Point with Night Trains on the main line. Persons to purchase FULL FARE TICKET going, and Agent selling will furnish RETURN TICKET FREE. Return ticket good for twenty (20) days.

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.

july26-dtaug10

New Advertisements.

Valuable Property for Sale.

TWO very desirable pieces of city property, consisting of one house and lot on the corner of Forsyth and Luckie streets; house contains 8 rooms, and has large garden. Also, 1 beautiful building lot, unimproved, about 3 acres, on Stephens and Richardson streets, adjoining the property of I. D. McDaniel and A. W. Mitchell. Also, one of the finest plantations in Spalding county, Georgia, containing 935 acres, six miles from Griffin. Apply to GEO. SCHAEFER, at the Warehouse, corner Hunter and Pryor streets, formerly occupied by McDaniel, Strong & Co.

aug9-dlm

FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATION,

1870.

RIBBONS,

Millinery and Straw Goods.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Bonnet, Trimming and Velvet RIBBON, Bonnet Silks, Satins and Velvets, Hats, Hoods, Nets, Crapes, Bushes, Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments, Straw Bonnets and Ladies' Hats, Trimmed and Untrimmed Shaker Hoods, etc., etc.,

227 and 229 Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE, MARYLAND,

Offer the largest stock to be found in this country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties.

Orders solicited, and prompt attention given.

aug9-d2w

Important to Turnip Raisers!

WE have a good supply of SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO now on hand, and hope every planter will call and get a supply for his TURNIP crop.

ADAIR & BRO., Agents,
Whitehall street.

aug9-d1w

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

AFTER the 11th instant, all dogs running at large in the city, without the proper collar on, will be Pounded, agreeable to an Ordinance passed in Council, the 6th instant.

G. W. ANDERSON, Marshal.

Atlanta, August 8, 1871—d3t

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

FINE MILCH COW AND CALF.

WILL be sold in front of our office THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, at 9 o'clock, a No. 1 Cow and young Calf. Now is your time to secure milk for the fall and winter.

WALLACE & FOWLER,
Real Estate Agents.

aug3-1t

GEORGIA, Fulton County.

ALL persons having demands against Chappell Powell, late of said county, deceased, will render in an account of the same, properly desigened within the time prescribed by law, and all persons indented to said deceased are hereby requested to make immediate payment. This August 1, 1870.

WILLIAM A. POWELL,
JOHN J. POWELL, } Administrators.

aug9-dlaw6w

A DEMOCRATIC AND FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

THE SAVANNAH MORNING NEWS.

Now is the time to Subscribe for it.

You have your choice, and can take either the Daily, Tri-Weekly, or Weekly edition.

THE MORNING NEWS

IS, in all respects, a Democratic journal, faithful to Democratic principles and earnest in advocacy of Democratic measures. It believes that the success of its party is necessary to the salvation of the country, its reputation as a newspaper will be maintained as heretofore. In Domestic, Foreign and Commercial Intelligence, Literature, etc., it is not surpassed by any journal in the country. Its whole character is comprehensively stated in saying that it is a great Democratic and Family Newspaper, devoted to the interests of the people of the South. Two years' experience, its Market Reports, also [illegible] times its subscription.

Commercial Editor, Literary Editor, with able assistants. Editorial and News columns; while its corps of Reporters are reliable in every respect.

Terms—1 year, $10 00; 6 months, $5 00; 3 months $2 50.

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS

Is published every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, and is made up from the daily editions.

Terms—1 year, $6 00; 6 months, $3 00; 3 months $1 50.

THE WEEKLY NEWS

Is issued every Friday; is designed for country readers, and contains a careful summary of the news of the week, with the principle editorials, the current news, the latest dispatches, and full market reports.

Terms—$3 a year; $1 00 for 6 months.

No attention paid to orders, unless accompanied by the money.

Postmasters everywhere are authorized to act as agents.

Money can be sent by Postoffice order or Express, at our risk. Address

J. H. ESTILL,
aug9 d1f 111 Bay Street, Savannah.

CIDER! CIDER!

I AM manufacturing large quantities of excellent CIDER, and will sell orders by the barrel, at 50 cents per gallon.

Address,
R. C. WORD,
aug7-6t Tunnel Hill, Georgia.

FOUND.

A BUNCH OF KEYS, which the owner can have by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Inquire at this office.

aug7-d1f

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Notions, Carpets,

OIL CLOTHS, Etc., Etc.

ARE daily making additions to their already ensive stock of STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS. Our stock of DRESS GOODS, Laces, Embroideries, Hosiery, Gloves, etc., is at all times full and complete, and not excelled by any house in the South.

OUR CARPET ROOM

Is at all times supplied well with Body Brussels, Tapestry Brussels, 3-ply and Ingrain Carpets, also Cheap Carpets and Mattings. Floor Oil Cloths, Matting, Window Shades, Lace Curtains, Rugs Damasks, Cornices, Wall Paper, and other House Furnishing Goods.

OUR WHOLESALE ROOM

Is separate and distinct from each of the above mentioned, but is at all times well supplied with a fine stock of Staple and Fancy Goods, Notions, etc.

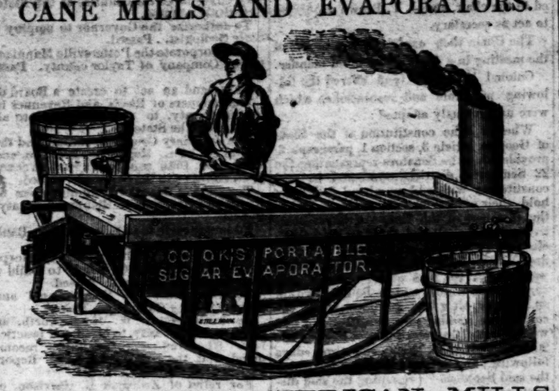
Our Prices are, at all times, Uniform and Satisfactory.

We solicit an inspection from cash purchasers. Samples sent when desired.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.,
Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets, Atlanta, Ga.

aug3-d1m

CANE MILLS AND EVAPORATORS.



VICTOR AND AMERICAN MILLS.

COOK AND AMERICAN EVAPORATORS,

Both Copper and Iron Pans, and all Sizes.

Call and examine, or send for Catalogue and Prices.

SAMUEL A. ECHOLS,

Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,

Broad Street (by the Bridge.)

aug9-d1f

AT AUCTION.

Brick Cottage Residence

—AND—

TWO VACANT LOTS.

WE will sell at auction on the premises on Tuesday, the 9th day of August, at five o'clock, P. M., a neat Brick Cottage with three rooms, with hall, front and rear verandahs. Also, brick kitchen with two rooms, situated on Foster street, in the immediate vicinity of Major Willis, Captain Whitney and others.

Immediately thereafter (3) two Vacant Lots on Wheat street.

Call at our office and examine plats of property.

☞ Sale positive. ☜

Terms—One-third cash; balance two and four months, with interest.

BELL & HAMMOCK,
Real Estate Agents,
Next door to James' Bank,
Whitehall Street.

aug7-d3t

TURBINE WATER WHEELS.

TWO of the best Turbine Water Wheels made in the United States, (the American and Hubbell and Caprun's) can be had on short notice

At Manufacturers' Prices,

By applying at my office.

Call and get pamphlet and circulars for instructions and prices.

F. P. FEASE, Agent,
Corner Whitehall and Mitchell Streets,
aug6-d3m Atlanta, Ga.

FOR NEW YORK

VIA

Charleston, South Carolina.

THE SUPERIOR FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL Steamships

MANHATTAN, CHAMPION, JAS. ADGER, CHARLESTON,

Of New York and Charleston Steamship Company's line will leave Adger's South Wharf, ON EVERY SATURDAY during the SUMMER MONTHS.

☞ The ships of this line are handsomely and comfortably fitted up for Passengers, and their tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the New York and Charleston markets.

☞ Insurance by this Line half per cent.

☞ Cotton taken to New York, Liverpool, Boston, Providence, and the New England manufacturing towns at the LOWEST MARKET RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS

—FROM—

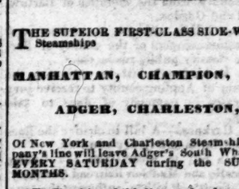
ATLANTA TO NEW YORK, $27.50.

This includes Meals and Staterooms.

JAS ADGER & CO., Agents,
Charleston, S. C.

H. M. COTTINGHAM,
Freight and Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Georgia, who will give all further information and secure choice staterooms in advance. Tickets sold by him or at General Tickets Office.

aug7-d3m



UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.

THE SESSION of this Institution commences annually on the 1st day of October, and continues, without interruption, till the Thursday preceding the 4th of July ensuing.

The organization of the institution is very complete, embracing extensive and thorough courses of instruction in Literature and Science, and in the professions of Law, Medicine and Engineering.

The expenses of the Academic or Law Student, exclusive of the cost of Text Books and clothing, and pocket money, amount to about $265 per session of nine months; and of the Engineering or Medical Student to about $285, of which sums, respectively, $225 or $250 is payable on matriculation, and the balance in the progress of the session.

For details send for catalogue.

P. O.—University of Virginia.

S. MAURY,
July28-dw1m Chairman of the Faculty.

Hogansville Property for Sale.

A GOOD DWELLING and one and one-half acres of land, well enclosed, in a pleasant part of town. Good Schools, Churches, etc. Call on

T. S. LOFTIN.

aug7-d1w

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR!

LIST OF ARTICLES TO BE

RAFFLED FOR

—AT THE—

Grand Raffle and Sale

IN CALHOUN, GEORGIA,

OCTOBER 24th, 1870.

Every Ticket Guaranteed a Prize, no mistake, no humbug.

No Stockholder permitted to purchase or be interested in a Ticket.

1st Capital Prize—One plantation lying on Coosawattee river, well improved and in a high state of cultivation, valued at $6,000

2d Prize—One Lot Creek Bottom Land, lying on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, well timbered, valued at ... 3,000

3d Prize—One small River Farm, within one half mile of the Depot at Calhoun, valued at 2,000

4th Prize—One House and Lot in the town of Calhoun, on Railroad street, fronting Depot, eligibly located, valued at ... 2,000

5th Prize—One Livery and Sale Stable and Lot, new building put up upon the most modern improvements 2,000

6th Prize—One pair very large, extra fine young Mules, Carriage and Harness, all new 1,200

7th Prize—One Lot and Dwelling near Calhoun Hotel 1,000

8th Prize—One Business House and Lot on Railroad street 1,000

9th Prize—One Business House and Lot on Railroad street 1,000

10th Prize—One pair extra large, fine match Horses 600

11th Prize—One Dwelling, 8 rooms and acre Lot, within 300 yards of the Court-house, on Wall street 1,500

12th Prize—One large dwelling, two acre Lot, good well of water and all necessary outbuildings 2,000

13th Prize—One pair fine match Horses 500

14th Prize—One Lot and Stable, fronting Wall street 500

15th Prize—One House and Lot near the Academy 500

16th Prize—160 acres Land in Gilmer county, 300

17th Prize—One Fine Buggy, Harness, etc., 300

18th Prize—One Fine Buggy, Harness, etc., 325

19th Prize—One Fine Buggy, Harness, etc., 300

20th Prize—One Fine Buggy, Harness, etc., 275

21st Prize—One new Iron-axle Wagon, Coach Harness, etc 275

22d Prize—One new Iron-axle Wagon, Coach Harness, etc 250

Also, 25,958 Prizes, consisting of all articles kept in a first-class store, such as Watches, Saddles, Boots, Hats, and other articles too numerous to mention. Prizes valued at from $1 to $6,000.

There will be 26,975 Tickets issued and sold. Every Ticket will be duplicated, the purchaser holding one, the other to be filed in the office. On the day of the Raffle the 26,975 duplicate Tickets will be placed in a wheel, and the three first drawn out will be entitled to Raffle for the highest Prize, and the two remaining Tickets will be placed in wheel No. 2. Wheel No. 1 will again be turned and the next three Tickets drawn will be entitled to Raffle for the 2d Prize, and the two remaining Tickets will also be placed in wheel No. 2; and so it will proceed until wheel No. 1 is emptied of all Tickets; then wheel No. 2 will be turned and drawn from the same as No. 1, and the remaining two Tickets, after each drawn, will be placed in wheel No. 1, and so continue to draw from wheel No. 1 and 2 until the 26,975 Tickets are drawn; thereby giving each and every one a chance and prize.

The Raffle will be conducted with six dice, thrown from one box, at the same time. In the event there be a tie between the contestants, a throw from each will determine the fortunate one.

Refer to Hon. W. H. Dabney, Atlanta, Ga.; Colonel E. M. Young, Calhoun, Ga.; H. C. Hunt, Clerk Superior Court; D. W. Neel, Ordinary, and other County Officers of Gordon county.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

For every 10 Tickets sold the Agent will be entitled to one extra Ticket. Money sent for Tickets by Express or Registered Letter (at by mail at sender's risk) will be promptly attended to.

All communications, or orders, enclosing stamp

The Daily Constitution.

Atlanta, Georgia, August 9, 1870.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Index to New Advertisements.

Dry goods, notions, carpets—Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.

Fall and winter importations—Armstrong, Ca-tor & Co.

Cane mills and evaporators—S. A. Echols.

Valuable property for sale—George Schaefer.

Important to turnip raisers—Adair & Bro.

To all whom it may concern—G. W. Anderson.

Five milch cow and calf for sale—Wallace & Fowler.

Legal notice—Administrators of Chapman Powell, deceased.

WALLACE & FOWLER sell a No 1 milch cow and calf this morning.

HON. JOHN SCREVEN, Mayor of Savannah, is in the city.

SENATOR SPEER is from Pike county, and is a sharp fellow.

THE Senate meets hereafter at 9 o'clock A. M., and adjourns at 1 o'clock P. M.

A BAPTIST preacher, during the war, peddled on whisky and gin. He favors prohibition now, of course.

ADAIR & BRO. can furnish planters Soluble Pacific Guano for their turnip crop. Call and see them.

WE invite attention to the prospectus of that sterling newsy journal, the Savannah Morning News. It is a live sheet.

REMEMBER that Bell & Hammock sell a brick cottage on Foster street, and two vacant lots on Wheat street, at five o'clock this afternoon.

THE destruction of human life and property could have been prevented by calling upon A. C. Ladd, the Lightning Rod man, to put up one of his rods upon the houses.

ELDER T. M. HARRIS will preach at the Christian Church, on Hunter street, at 8½ o'clock to-night. After preaching the ordinance of Baptism will be performed.

PROFESSOR CHURCHILL'S lecture at the City Hall was an interesting affair last night, though but few were out. He lectures to-night on "Man, Spiritually," at the same place. We hope that our citizens will turn out to hear him.

AFTER the 11th all dogs found running at large without a corporation collar on will be imprisoned in the City Pound. If not redeemed within 48 hours by the owners they will be carried out of the city limits and their lives—not prolonged!

OUR clever friend and neighbor of the Index, J. J. Toon, accompanied by his lady, arrived in Nashville, Tenn., on the 5th, and, we are pleased to see by the papers of that city, are meeting with a hospitable reception from their legion of friends.

MR. GEORGE SCHAEFER, who is now engaged in business at the old stand of McDaniel, Strong & Co, has two desirable pieces of property for sale. Mr. Schaefer is a merchant of standing and comes highly recommended for probity and integrity.

WE invite attention to the advertisement of Samuel A. Echols, offering cane mills and evaporators for sale. By the aid of these improved mills and evaporators we can manufacture our own sugar and syrup in Georgia, and be quite independent.

MESSRS. Armstrong, Cator & Co., of Baltimore, make their bow to our readers in their announcement of fall and winter importation of ribbons, millinery and straw goods. They are reliable and energetic business men, and worthy of the liberal patronage bestowed upon them by Southern dealers.

IN the past twelve days, the Kennesaw Mills, at Marietta, have received one hundred and sixteen car loads of wheat, or at the rate of 9⅝ car loads per day—equivalent to thirty-one thousand bushels. This is a larger quantity than announced as received or shipped from Nashville in the same length of time. Bully for Kennesaw Mills, Cook & Cheek and Marietta.

THE Stephens' Debating Club was organized on the 5th instant, by the election of W T Brantly, Jr., President; M R Thornton, Vice President; W F Williams, Secretary and Treasurer. We wish our young friends success in their enterprise. We propose as a proper subject for debate, "What have become of the earnings of the State Road?"

THE Librarian at the Young Men's Library room complains that, owing to the choice selections of poetry in THE CONSTITUTION, some poetical genius has mutilated several copies on file at the room. He wants us either to discontinue making such fine selections or the poesy-fancier his mutilations. Upon the whole, we think the latter suggestion the best, and advise the party to pursue it.

The fall term of Emory College commences on the 17th instant. The faculty is composed of men eminent for piety, learning, and the science of imparting instruction. Oxford is noted for its quietude and salubrity, and the culture, refinement and high moral tone of its society. Few places are better adapted for a college than Oxford, and few better institutions than glorious old Emory.

A YOUNG friend of ours recently bought a fine mare. Being an admirer of several young ladies, he has named the mare after them all. When he calls on Sallie, he addresses his steed as Sallie; on Emma, ditto; Jerusha, the same. But unfortunately he makes mistakes sometimes, and calls his "animule" Jerusha when it should be Sallie, and vice versa. We advise him to increase his steed or lessen his "flames."

EDWIN PAYNE, one of the oldest citizens of Atlanta, died on Sunday, in the 75th year of his age. For the past four or five years he has been confined to his house, but bore it with Christian fortitude. He was a consistent and devoted member of the Methodist Church. Payne's Chapel was named after him. He gave the ground upon which it is built, and contributed largely towards erecting the edifice destroyed during the war. He was buried yesterday morning.

THE Carpet Emporium of Messrs. Chamberlin, Boynton & Co. is becoming a noted and popular institution of the Gate City. It is fitted up in Oriental magnificence, and eclipses anything of the kind South. Carpets as soft as down, and as brilliant in design as Aurora; oil cloths rivalling marble in polish and beauty; window shades, chaste and superb; everything in the house furnishing line of the choicest material and finest finish can be obtained here. The stock is ample to supply the heaviest demand. The assortment of dry goods is not surpassed anywhere, and if you want to obtain goods excellent in character and at moderate figures, call on Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.

Mr. Local: It has become matter of general inquiry and very great concern upon the part of the citizens along the line of Forsyth street why the sidewalks are not put in better condition from the crossing of Peters street to the junction of Forsyth and Whitehall. This is an important street, and many tax-payers have to use it in going to and from their respective churches and places of business. It would require but little time and expense to have those deep gullies and ditches filled which intersect the sidewalks, and have them improved generally, at least rendered passable. If the chairman of the Street Committee will ride over in this direction, he will be convinced that necessity has prompted this notice.

Meanwhile, let the first ward be divided. A number of gentlemen are aspiring to Aldermanic honors.

TAX-PAYER.

ATLANTA was visited yesterday by a heavy fall of rain, accompanied by vivid lightning and loud peals of thunder. The rain came down in torrents, and the lightning flashed terribly, its concussion grating upon the ear. The railroad track above the Broad street bridge was struck several times by lightning, as was also the track near Whitehall crossing. Eye witnesses describe it as a terrible sight to behold the electric fluid as it flashed and sparkled along the railroad bars.

IT is with sincere regret that we record some of the serious effects of the lightning. Hearing that a man had been struck at West End, we paid a visit to that thriving suburban town. Upon arriving there, we saw the evidence of its fearful work. The one-story frame store occupied by Spilman and Charles was struck by lightning in the rear, the fluid knocking off part of the chimney and a portion of the rear end. The ceiling was punctured in fifteen or twenty places by descending bolts. Charles Strawn, a young man [illegible] was standing in the front door at the time, and was knocked out on the pavement. He was badly shaken up, his back and head being bruised.

The adjoining stores on either side, also bear marks of the lightning's power, in shattered planks and pieces of glass. Dr. Stewart, in an adjoining store, was locking the back door at the time, and was knocked by the concussion, senseless on his back on the floor. Mr. Andrews, his clerk, who was standing by the front window (the sash being raised) was thrown through the entire window into the street. The lightning coursed down his left side nearly to the knee and then leaped over to the right leg and downwards. The course of the fluid can be seen in a burn all along its track. Several others were also shocked. We then proceeded with dispatch to North End to view the scene of another disaster there. The lightning struck and shivered an oak tree in the yard of Rev. Peck, colored Pastor of Wheat Street Church, in rear of the former residence of Colonel A. W. Stone. A fine milch cow standing under the tree was instantly killed, and a son of Peck's was knocked under the house by the lightning. The yard dog dragged the boy from underneath the house into the yard, where the rain, then falling copiously, had the effect of restoring him to consciousness. He was not seriously hurt. The dog after rescuing the boy jumped over the fence and fled, and has not been heard from since.

The thunderbolt that struck the tree divided, part running down the trunk of the tree, the balance taking down the tin gutter between the main house and an ell. At the lower corner of the gutter, after scorching one or two planks, the fluid tore out the greater part of the side of the house to the plastering. One of Peck's daughters, near by, was considerably stunned, but when we were there hopes were entertained that she was not seriously hurt. A negro woman engaged in washing in the yard thought the judgment day had come. What is somewhat remarkable is the fact that Peck's house is under the hill like from the ruins of Stone's old residence.

The killing of stock in various parts of the city is also reported.

☞ Union for the sake of the Union; union for the sake of peace; union for the sake of honest, economical and constitutional government; a union of all the anti-Radical elements, is the clear and pithy putting of the Democratic platform by the Boston Post, an authority which cannot be gainsaid by the most willfully hypocritical.

☞ The New York Times publishes a column of extracts from the red-hot press of the South, as Radical campaign capital, under the caption, "Stripping for the fight—the warlike Democracy and the coming campaign." The Times does not venture to reprint the real expression of Southern intelligence. It confines itself to the red-hot gentry.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, August 8.—Money easy 3a5. Sterling 9½a9¾. Gold closed weak 18⅛a 18⅜; Southerns steady.

Cotton dull and weak; sales 450 bales. Flour State Western dull, 5a10 lower; superfine 5 40a6 00; Southern dull and drooping; common to fair extra, 6 40a7 40; good to choice do. 7 45 a 10 00. Wheat heavy, 2a3c. lower; Winter red and amber Western 1 54a1 58. Corn heavy, new mixed Western 91a95½c. Beef quiet, plain mess 12 16a16 00. Pork dull and nominal, 29 75a30 00. Lard dull; kettle 17a17½. Whisky lower, 99a99½, chiefly 97. Groceries quiet and steady. Turpentine quiet. Rosin 1 72; strained steady. Tallow dull, 9¾a10¼. Freights dull.

ST. LOUIS, August 8.—Hemp, Rope and bagging unchanged. Flour steady; superfine 4 50a4 75. Corn unchanged. Whisky steady. Pork 30 75a31 00. Shoulders 14½a15; clear sides 18¾a19; Sugar cured hams canvassed 26a27. Lard quiet; choice tierce 16½.

BALTIMORE, August 8.—Flour dull and inactive; City Mills declined ¼. Wheat declined 5c. Corn fair supply. Pork 31 00; Shoulders 15¾a16. Whisky 23.

CINCINNATI, August 8.—Flour dull and unchanged. Corn dull, 85½; demand light. Whisky dull and nominal, held at 97 a 98. Pork dull, held at 30 00. Lard held at 16½; sales made at 16¼. Bacon 13a13¾; Shoulders 17a17¾; clear rib sides 18¾; clear sides and sugar cured hams dull.

LOUISVILLE, August 8.—Bagging firm; hemp and flax 30. Flour quiet; extra family 5 75. Corn quiet 1 05. Provisions quiet. Pork 31 00. Bacon 15; shoulders 18; clear rib sides 19. Lard 17¼. Hams 25. Whisky, raw 97a97½.

NEW ORLEANS, August 8.—Flour dull; superfine 5 35; double 6 00; treble 6 25. Corn mixed yellow 1 10; white 1 12½; Oats 56a60. Pork 31 50. Bacon jobbing 15¾, 18¾a19¾; sugar cured hams 21¾a26. Lard, tierce 17¾a17½; keg 19. Sugar, prime 13. Molasses 50a75. Whisky 92½a 1 05. Cotton very dull; sales 400; quotations nominal; sales strict ordinary 12½; low middlings 16½; receipts 274; exports 216. coastwise 2,917. Sterling 130; sight ¾; gold 17¾a18¼.

AUGUSTA, August 8.—Market closed firm; demand fair; sales 138; middlings 17; receipts 45 cales.

SAVANNAH, August 8.—Cotton very firm; holders asking higher rates; low middlings 17½ osked; net receipts 346; exports coastwise 1068; stock 3,100, actual count.

MOBILE, August 8.—Cotton dull; low middlings 17¼; sales 50 bales; net receipts 64; stock 13,690.

GALVESTON, August 8.—Cotton dull and prices nominal; good ordinary 14; net receipts 125: stock 6,790.

CHARLESTON, August 8.—Cotton quiet; middlings 18; sales 100; net receipts 133; exports coastwise 702; stock 1 66e.

LIVERPOOL, August 8. evening—Cotton closed active, with an upward tendency; uplands 8¼; Orleans 8¾; sales 15,000; export and speculation 4,000. Corn 1 32 a 1 36. Navals firmer.

Local and Business Notices.

Use Magnetic Equine Remedies.

Equine Powders work effectual.

Horse owners use Equine Powders.

Equine Ointment best for Horses and Cattle.

Use Equine Powders. aug9d1w

JOHN PEEL'S, Marietta street, is the place for nice eatables. july 16-dlm

HORSES, HORSES.—Two car loads fine Horses just arrived from Kentucky, at Archer's Stable. aug9-1t

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Ky., is within one block of all the Newspaper offices. aug9-d1w.

PANIC STRUCK BEAUTY.—It is a terrible shock to a charming woman—indeed, to ANY woman, to find that her teeth are "beginning to go." Never will any human being who uses the fragrant Sozodont make THAT discovery. aug9-d1w

BOLOGNA SAUSAGES.—Just received fresh from New York, as fine a lot of Sausages as was ever brought to Atlanta. Every thing nice in the way of eating and drinking at John Peel's, Marietta street. July 16-dlm.

GRAY HAIR resumes its original color under the operation of Phalon's Vitalia, or Salvation for the Hair, which contains nothing dirty, is transparent, withers[illegible] sediment, leaves no stain on the scalp, no unpleasant odor in the hair.

Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. aug9-deod1w.

FAST LIVING AND ITS CONSEQUENCES.—When "fast life" has undermined the strength, destroyed the appetite, impaired the digestion, and stolen the hue of health from the cheek—when the hand trembles, the spirits droop, and the whole physical and mental organization languishes, is it possible to repair the evil and restore the dilapidated system to full health and vigor? We answer that it is. Hundreds of cases have been cited, thousands might be cited, in which this regeneration has been accomplished by the regular and persistent use of PLANTATION BITTERS. Abstinence from the indulgences which have wrought the mischief is, of course, one of the means of restoration. But it is not sufficient *alone*. The consequences remain after the cause has been abandoned. A wholesome and genial tonic is absolutely necessary to arouse the corporeal and mental energies from their state of collapse. This good work it is the mission of the Plantation Bitters to perform. But no other stimulant must be taken.

SEA MOSS FARINE, from pure Irish Moss, for Blanc Mange, Puddings, Custards, Creams, &c., &c. The cheapest, healthiest, and most delicious food in the world. aug9deod1w&w1t

FALSE PRETENCES.—The vast and continually increasing sales of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have provoked the enmity of a certain class of dealers in various portions of the country, who are trying to substitute their utterly worthless local nostrums for the most popular proprietary medicine in the world. These impostors hope by their false statements to obtain from the public who patronize the great American Tonic, a sufficient number of customers to make their speculations upon the health of their neighbors profitable. As the demand for Hostetter's Bitters is now so large and urgent as to tax to their fullest extent the facilities for its manufacture, these petty attempts to wring in the spoils from truth by false representations are of little consequence to its proprietors. They are, however, a serious evil to the victimized. If, for example, at this warm season, when a real invigorant is greatly needed, the sufferer from general debility, indigestion, biliousness or nervous weakness, is coaxed into using a wishy-washy compound without any medicinal virtue, instead of the sovereign specific in which the rarest tonic and alterative vegetable elements are scientifically combined, it is obvious that he will rue the day when he allowed himself to be thus deluded. It is in the interest of the parties who have been or may be influenced by the persuasion of plausible charlatans, that this article is published. With the light of twenty years experience to guide him, why should the invalid take a leap in the dark? aug9deod1w&wit.

For upwards of a century there has been known in Germany one panacea for general debility, nervous diseases, despondency, impaired digestion, &c., &c., which, while it was entirely harmless to the most delicate persons, was known to be a most powerful remedial agent where the system required a tonic or invigorator, and which could be relied upon. That preparation, a considerable expense and trouble, Messrs. Jacob Lippman & Bro., of Savannah, Ga., have succeeded in getting the right to manufacture in the United States, and is now universally known and used as Lippman's Great German Bitters. aug9deod1w&wit.

To encourage the culture of Barley in Georgia. I earnestly request farmers, in different sections of the State, to send in their samples, prices affixed, by the 15th of August, or I will be compelled to purchase from other States. D. FECHTER, City Brewery. july19-d1w&w3w

IF you want Soda, Cream Tartar, Black Pepper, Ginger, Spice, Nutmegs, Mace, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

IF you want Rosadalis, Koskoo, McLean's Cordial, Tutt's Sarsaparilla, or Radway's Ready Resolvent, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

IF you want Pure Drugs go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store on Broad street. july10-d1y

IF you want Window Glass, Pure Lead, Linseed Oil, Putty, or anything in the paint line, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. July10-dly

FORTY Barrels Cherry Brandy just received at Kenny's Chicago Ale Depot, on Pryor street. july6-dtf

CONSULT your welfare and read the advertisement headed "Bad Blood." je3-d3m

IF you want White Rock Potash, Concentrated Lye, Cheap Soap, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

VICTORIA lawn suits at Mrs. Frank's.

PERCALE travelling suits at Mrs. Frank's.

LARGE assortment of ladies' suits at Mrs. Frank's.

SASH ribbons of latest style at Mrs. Frank's.

GREAT reduction of prices in millinery goods at Mrs. Frank's.

FRENCH calico at 17½ cents per yard at Mrs. Frank's.

SUMMER dress goods selling at greatly reduced prices at Mrs. Frank's, Decatur street. july24-dtf.

THE attention of the readers is respectfully called to the advertisement of Bradfield & Co., in another column.

These gentlemen have six great and valuable remedies, viz: Bradfields Female Regulator; Dr. Prophitt's celebrated Liver Medicine; Prophitt's Dysentery Cordial; Prophitt's Pain Kill It; Prophitt's Ague Pills; and Prophitt's Antibillious Pills, all of which are purely vegetable—*not a mineral substance in one of them.*

They are all preparations for special diseases, and have been used for years; and the testimonials for each article is of the highest character, as regards their efficiency and the public need have no fear of being humbuged by them.

Bradfield's Female Regulator and Prophitt's celebrated Liver Midicine has undoubtedly been of more benefit to suffering humanity than any other two remedies of their age, and are justly more popular. july20-dtf

INTERESTING TO MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS.—The Premium List of the Georgia State Fair will be issued at once, commencing with an edition of 10,000 copies. It will be of interest to hundreds of thousands of people.

It is an annual publication, and will long be preserved as a reference. Our merchants and business men generally cannot avail themselves of a better method of advertising than this. Retail merchants cannot conceive a better plan of advertising their goods during the ten days the Fair is in operation.

The managers of the Fair have engaged the services of Mr. J. W. Bigsby to solicit advertisements, and authorized him to receipt for the same. july11-dtf

Go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, and get the best Lubricating Oil that is made for fine machinery. july10-d1y

Go to Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, for anything you want in the drug line. You will get it cheaper than at any other house in the city. july10-d1y

On and after Tuesday next, free dances will be given on Tuesday and Friday nights at the King House, at Stone Mountain. july9-dtf

PATENT MEDICINE DEPOT.—Parties in want of any of the popular patent medicines of the day, will find it to their interest to call on Bradfield & Co., Broad street, Atlanta, Ga., next door to Colonel Mark W. Johnson's. july10-dtf

SHIPPERS of Wheat and Flour to Northern cities should bear in mind that the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, connecting with the Macon and Western Railroad, connects at Savannah with the tri-weekly line of steamships for New York, leaving every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; this is the only line from Atlanta having this advantage, for Baltimore, Philadelphia and Boston steamers come South weekly.

General G. T. Anderson is the General Western Agent for the route. For rates or classification, apply to him or H. R. Clark, Agent Macon and Western Railroad, Atlanta, Ga. aug3-d4w

STILLINGIA cures Siphilis in its worst forms. july10-dtf

STILLINGIA cures Hereditary Siphilitic affections. july10-dtf

STILLINGIA cures Scrofula, or King's Evil. july10-dtf

STILLINGIA cures Old Sores, Ulcers, Tetter and Boils. july10-dtf

STILLINGIA cures all diseases of the Skin. july10-dtf

STILLINGIA is the Great Blood Purifier. Prepared by PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & Co. july10-dtf

From the Norfolk Daily Journal, Dec. 11, 1869.

KOSKOO.—This medicine is rapidly gaining the confidence of the people, and the numerous testimonials of its virtues, given by practitioners of medicine, leaves no doubt that it is a safe and reliable remedy for impurity of the blood, liver disease, etc.

The last Medical Journal contains an article from Prof. R. S. Newton, M. D., President of the E. Medical College, city of New York, that speaks in high terms of its curative properties, and gives a special recommendation of Koskoo to the practitioners of medicine. This is, we believe, the first instance where such medicines have been officially endorsed by the Faculty of any of the medical colleges, and reflects great credit upon the skill of Dr. Lawrence, its compounder, and also puts "Koskoo" in the van of all other medicines of the present day. aug9-d4w1w

READ

IT is well known to Druggists and to Ladies, that that Woman is constantly subject to numerous diseases peculiar to her sex—such as Suppression, Whites, Falling of the Womb, Irregularities, Inflammation, Ulceration, Hemorrhages, or Excessive Flows, Pain and Weakness, Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Barrenness, Leucorrhœa, &c., &c.

All of these have seldom been treated successfully. The profession has sought diligently for some remedy that would enable them to treat these diseases with success.

At last, that remedy has been discovered by one of the most skilful physicians in the state of Georgia. That remedy is

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

It is purely vegetable, and is put up in Atlanta, Georgia, by BRADFIELD & CO.

It will purify the blood and strengthen the system, relieve irritation of the kidneys, and is a perfect specific for all the above diseases, as certain a cure as Quinine is in Chills and Fever.

For a history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper around the bottle. Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

LAGRANGE, GA., March 26, 1870.

BRADFIELD & Co., Atlanta, Georgia:

DEAR SIRS: I take pleasure in stating that I have used, for the last twenty years, the medicine you are putting up, known as DR. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the diseases for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription, both as a practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength.

With my kindest regards, I am, respectfully,
W. B FERRELL, M. D.

We, the undersigned Druggists, take pleasure in commending to the trade Dr. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR—believing it to be a good and reliable remedy for the diseases for which he recommends it.

W. A. LANSDELL, Atlanta, Georgia.
PEMBERTON, WILLBOY, TAYLOR & CO., Atlanta, Georgia.
REDWINE & FOX, Atlanta, Georgia.
W. G. L. WEBB, Atlanta, Georgia.
W. ROOT & SON, Marietta, Georgia.

DR. PROPHITT'S
Celebrated Liver Medicine.

It is purely vegetable, and will act upon the Liver and Kidneys as promptly as Calomel and Blue Mass, without any danger of salivation or de truction of the bones.

Parties taking this medicine need not fear getting wet, or any other reasonable exposure.

Symptoms of Liver Disease:

Headache, Dull Feeling or the Blues, Sour Stomach, Sick or Nervous Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Bad or Bitter Taste in the Mouth, the skin has a thick rough feeling, and is darker than usual, Costiveness, Melancholy Feelings, Cramps, Cold Feet, Colds, Dysentery, or Diarrhœa, Chills and Fever, and Piles. If fact, where the Liver is out of order, you are liable to every disease that is not contagious.

Prophitt's Liver Medicine, if taken properly, will prevent and cure any disease resulting from a deranged Liver.

It will regulate its functions and thus cure all diseases caused by the failure of its healthy action.

It has been used for a great number of years, and has given universal satisfaction.

There is no brother or son claiming to have the original receipt. It is put up in both Powder and Fluid form.

FAIRBURN, GA., Septe ber 4, 1868.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT:

SIR: My wife has been an invalid for fifteen years. Doctors all agreed she had "Liver Disease." In connection with their practice she used various noted remedies, none of which seemed to do any good. Sometime ago I procured a bottle of your "Liver Medicine," of your agent here, C. A. Harvey, which being given according to directions, has effected a complete cure.

Respectfully, etc.,
GEO. L. THOMPSON.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., September 24, 1868

I have used Dr. O. S. Prophitt's Liver Medicine as a tonic, and found it powerful and efficacious. It is excellent for functional derangement of the Liver or constipation of the bowels; in most cases superseding the necessity of a regular course of medicine.

E. J. MEYNARDIE, A. M.
Pastor Tryon St. Church.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, July 18, 1870.

MESSRS. BRADFIELD & CO.:

GENTLEMEN—Last year, during my travels in Alabama and Southwest Georgia, I contracted chills and fever, and my general health became very bad. I tried various remedies, and among others Shallenberger's Pills—all to no purpose. I was troubled with intense pain in the small of my back, and for months I did not have a moment's rest. I had well nigh despaired of recovering, when a friend recommended me to take Dr Prophitt's Liver Medicine. I did so, and one bottle has cured me, and to-day I feel like another man. I consider it one of the best medicines for general use now put up, and, without any reservation, recommend it to the afflicted. I am, gentlemen, very respectfully yours, etc.

O. M. HARRALSON.

DR. PROPHITT'S DYSENTERY CORDIAL

Is one of the most valuable compounds now put up for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholora Infantum, or Cholera Morbus

This medicine has been in use for years, and gives universal satisfaction.

The most delicate child may take it with impunity.

COVINTON, GA., November 9, 1867.

DR. PROPHITT:

Having a severe attack of Dysentery during the past summer, I was induced to use your Dysentery Cordial, and derived therefrom immediate and permanent relief. It gives me pleasure to recommend this remedy to all who may be so attacked, believing that, should the directions be followed, relief would surely be obtained.

Truly, etc.,
O. S. PORTER.

CUSSETA, TEXAS, 1869.

DR. PROPHITT:

DEAR SIR: Your Liver Medicine and Pain Kill It is a complete success.

J. L. WHITTLE.

WEST POINT, GA., August 11, 1869.

This is to certify that I have used Dr. O. S. Prophitt's Liver Medicine myself and in my family, for twelve months or more, and I unhesitatingly say that I believe it one of the best Family Medicines in use M T WALKER.

PROPHITT'S
PAIN KILL IT.

This is the celebrated medicine that run Perry Davis' Pain Killer out of the market, wherever it was sold. Davis made Prophitt change the name from Pain Killer to PAIN KILL IT.

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, or pain of any kind, it has no equal.

For Cuts, Bruises, Burns, or old Sores, it is the best thing you can use as a dressing.

For SNAKE BITES or STINGS of POISONOUS INSECTS, it is a perfect ANTIDOTE.

It is good for Colic, Colds, Coughs, or Bowel Complaint. Its name indicates its nature fully It is truly DEATH to pain.

Manufactured as well by BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Georgia, and for sale by all Druggists.

DOOLY COUNTY, GA., April, 1867.

This is to certify that I was confined to the house, and most of the time to my bed and suffering the greatest agony imaginable with Rheumatism, for five months, and after trying every available remedy, with no relief, I was cured with two bottles of Dr. O. S. Prophitt's Anody ne Pain Kill It; each costing fifty cents only. It relieved me almost instantly. I therefore recommend it in the highest degree to sufferers from similar disease. I can say that it is one of the finest Family Medicines now out certain.

Yours truly, W. A. FOREHAND.

DOOLY COUNTY, GA., October 21, 1867.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT:

I have, during the last eighteen months, used your Pain Kill It, and I consider it unequalled by anything for pain in the head, back or side; and for colic, nothing gives relief so quick as your Anodyne Pain Kill It.

It is doing much good in the community in other families as well as my own.

Yours, etc., D. T. FOREHAND.

NEWTON FACTORY, GA., November, 1867.

DR. PROPHITT:

Last summer my horse sprained his knee so severely, causing the whole leg to swell to almost twice its natural size, and rendering him almost helpless; two applications of your Anodyne Pain Kill It thoroughly cured it.

JOHN B. DAVIS.

CERTIFICATES.

We, the undersigned, have used Dr. Prophitt's Preparations and take pleasure in recommending them to the public, as being all he claims for them:

Colonel R J Henderson, Covington, Ga; O T Rogers, Covington, Ga; G S Porter, Covington, Ga.; Prof. J L Jones, Covington, Ga; M W Arnold, Georgia Conference; Rev W W Oslin, Georgia Conference; F W Swanson, Monticello, Ga.; Robert Barnes, Jasper county, Ga; A M Robinson, Monticello, Ga.; James Wright, Putnam county, Ga.; A Westbrook, Putnam county; Ga; Judge J J Floyd, Covington, Ga; W L Bedell, "Covington Enterprise;" A H Zachry, Conyers, Ga.; George Wallace, Atlanta, Ga.; Dick Lockett, Paris, Jasper county, Texas; W H Whatley, Cuseta, Texas; W C Roberts, Cuseta, Texas; Tommy S Stewart, Atlanta, Ga.; W A Lansdell, Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.; E P Madden & Co., Atlanta, Ga.; Colonel Alfred H Colquitt, Stevens, Cartersville, Ga.; A N Lewis, Lowndes county, Ga; Joseph Lane, Lowndes county, Ga; Jesse Cooper, Lowndes county, Ga; Rev Wright Stevens, Lowndes county, Ga; W A Fowler and, Dooly county, Ga; John B Davis, Newton Factory; B F Bass, Lowndes county.

STATE OF GEORGIA, } Know all men by
FULTON COUNTY. } these presents, That I have this day, for value received, sold and transferred to BRADFIELD & CO., the right to manufacture and sell my Family Medicines, and have furnished them with the full receipts, and have authorized the said BRADFIELD & CO., to print, or have printed, my name, and other proper concerning any and all of above named Medicines. This 23d day of June, 1870.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT.

In presence of Thomas F. Jones, and Robert Crawford, Notary Public. [L. S.]

Manufactured and for sale by BRADFIELD & CO., Broad Street, Atlanta, Georgia, and for sale by all Druggists. july23-deod&wly

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

LIME, GUANO, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER & SALT,

Forsyth Street, near the Capitol,

ATLANTA, - - - GEORGIA.

HAVE NOW IN STORE, ON CONSIGNMENT:

25 casks Hams Shoulders,	10 barrels Whisky—Pure Rye,
75 casks Dry Salted Shoulders,	25 barrels Pure Virginia Apple Brandy,
10 casks C. r Bulk Sides,	10 bales Cotton Yarns,
1,000 bags Rio Coffee—assorted,	1,000 bags Corn,
1,000 bushels Oats,	1,000 bales Timothy Hay,
50 barrels Whisky—Corn,	500 barrels Western Flour—assorted.

Having accepted the Agency of the

Celebrated "CHAMPION MILLS" FLOUR,

of Rome, Georgia, we are prepared to furnish Dealers with any grade of Flour they may need, and at VERY REASONABLE PRICES. Guaranteeing the quality to be fully as good, if not superior to any Flour sold in this market.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF LIME,

HOWARD KILNS AND "CHICKAMAUGA BIRD-EYE," received, fresh, every day, in good packages.

We are prepared to furnish large quantities of WHEAT, and invite

SOUTHERN MILLERS

To correspond with us in relation to the coming crop, and to supplying themselves with WHEAT.

We are offering the above at Low Figures.

july1-d3m STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.

COMMONWEALTH

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

178 Broadway, New York.

OFFICERS.

F. B. MORSE, Secretary. JOHN PIERPONT, President.
J. B. PEARSON, Vice President.

SPECIAL FEATURES:

All Policies issued by the Commonwealth are incontestable from date of issue, and are free from restrictions on travel.

It permits Residence anywhere without extra charge.

All Policies are non-forfeitable, and participate in the profits of the Company unless otherwise specified.

Dividends are declared annually upon all Policies that have been in force a full year, and are available on payment of the next annual premium.

DR. G. G. G. CRAWFORD, Medical Examiner. G. I. THOMAS & SON, Managers Southern Department, No. 82 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

☞ Liberal inducements to Agents and Solicitors.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Howard Insurance Company of New York.

Cash Capital $500,000; Surplus, $275,470 61; Total, $775,470 61.

CHARTERED IN 1825.

THEO. KEELER, Secretary, SAM'L T. SKIDMORE, President.
WM. R. SKIDMORE, Assistant Secretary. HENRY A. OAKLEY, Vice Pres.

Virginia Home Insurance Company.

Invested Capital, $300,000; $30,000 State Bonds Deposited with Comptroller of the State of Georgia.

DAVID J. BURR, Secretary. D. I. HARTSOOK, President.

Buildings, Merchandise and Furniture insured against loss or damage by fire, in the above reliable Companies, on the most favorable terms. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

G. I. THOMAS & SON, Agents, No. 82 Whitehall St.

junel-3m

P. DODD. G. T. DODD. W. J. TANNER

P. & G. T. DODD & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Provision Dealers,

CORNER WHITEHALL AND MITCHELL STS., ATLANTA, GA.

WE have now on hand a large and well selected Stock of Family Groceries, consisting in part of Coffee, Sugars, Bacon, Lard, Flour, Molasses and Syrup. Mackerel in Barrels, Half Barrels and Kits. Also, a Fresh lot

DRUM FISH AND LAKE SHAD.

We have a Large Stock of all Grades Flour, among which is Stewart & Austin's *F. F. F.—F. F.* and Family, all of which we offer to the Trade

CHEAP FOR CASH.

may22-3m

FIRE INSURANCE.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of Hartford, Connecticut.

Assets, January 1, 1870, - - - $5,549,504 97.

PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of Hartford, Connecticut.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1, 1870, - - - - - $1,674,888 91.

WASHINGTON INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of New York.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1, 1870, - - - - - $805,197 92.

Besides other Fire and Life Companies, making the total assets represented over $33,000,000.

W. F. PATTILLO, Agent,
july13-d1m Office in Railroad Block, opposite National Hotel.

HORSE AND CATTLE REMEDIES.

The Best and most Reliable ever offered to the Public.

The American Magnetic

EQUINE CONDITION POWDERS

CERTIFICATE.

☞ I hereby certify that I have examined, and thoroughly tested in my practice the above articles, and regard them as preparations of great merit and equally reliable. I recommend them as being prepared with up-to-date care from reliable ingredients, and more effective for the purposes for which they are intended than any and all remedies of which I have knowledge.

GEORGE H. DADD,
Veterinary Surgeon, Author of "Anatomy and Physiology of the Horse," "Modern Horse Doctor," &c.

Purchasers will please ask for a copy of "Horse and Cattle Owner's Guide." Gratis.

LORD & SMITH, Proprietors, Chicago, Ills.

REDWINE & FOX,

WHOLESALE AGENTS,

And for Sale by all Druggists.

aug3-dawly

NOTICE.

FULTON COURT OF ORDINARY—AUGUST TERM, 1870.

IT is ordered, that there be collected by Captain John R. Harwell, Tax Collector for said county, of his assessments of State and Florence taxes the State Tax to pay bonds and coupons upon bonds falling due the present year; 60 per cent. upon the State Tax for General County purposes, and 15 per cent. upon the State Tax for Educational purposes; making in the aggregate 85 per cent. upon the State Tax, which is hereby levied for the year 1870. And it is further ordered, that the said Collector give bond in the sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars, with security, to be approved by this Court, to collect and faithfully pay over the same according to law. The State Tax is directed upon the gold $0, and the County Tax is at the Local—State and County Tax, 16 cents upon the gold $0.

DANIEL PITTMAN,
Ordinary Fulton County.

A true extract from the minutes of said Court August 6, 1870.

JOHN T. COOPER, Clerk.

aug6-d3d

CATALOGUES GOTTON UP IN THE MOST approved style at THE CONSTITUTION office.

JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE CONSTITUTION office.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

☞ WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD—F LOUGHRY, Superintendent; A. L. HARRIS, General Passenger Agent.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta

The Daily Constitution.

Agents for the Constitution.

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THE DEAD BABY.

Close the blue eyes that are gazing so coldly,
Put back the ringlets that shadow her brow,
Fold o'er her bosom the pale tiny fingers,
And cover the shoulders so beautiful now.

Kiss the soft lips that are silent forever,
Fold up the dress that was stainless and white,
Draw down the curtains and close all the windows,
Let not the sun glare so shining and bright.

Clasp in her fingers the pure mellow lilies,
Take off the slippers all trodden and worn;
Hang up the hat with its fluttering ribbons,
Lay down the apron, on thorn bushes torn.

Baby has gone from the valley so tearful,
Poor little sweet! they were weary and sore;
But now she has passed o'er the cold, silent river,
And she's resting her feet on her heavenly shore.

☞ MASONIC PEN.—The Rondout Courier gets the following story from a telegraph operator in that village: A member of the Masonic Order telegraphed to a companion down the river somewhere: "Make room for ten Royal Arch Masons. Coming to-day." When the companions arrived they found a pen had been built for their accommodation, the telegram at its destination reading: "Make room for ten RAM's. Coming to-day."

☞ Our streets were enlivened on last Monday and Tuesday, by the jovial presence of Colonel T. M. Acton, agent for the ATLANTA CONSTITUTION. The Colonel, by his side-splitting anecdotes, attracted a crowd wherever he went. He is, in the fullest sense of the word, a "good fellow," and represents a good paper.—*West Point Shield.*

☞ The National Intelligencer, which for over seventy years was published at Washington, has been purchased by Hon. Alex. Delmar, formerly Director of the United States Bureau of Statistics, and author of the famous Finance letter of 1868, and removed to New York city. The office of publication is on Broadway, in the white marble building next to Ball, Black & Co.

ATLANTA PRICE-CURRENT.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, August 8, 3 o'clock, P. M.

Market tranquil, and quotations unchanged.

COTTON—Market dull at 15½a16 for middlings; 14½a15 for low middlings; 13½a14 for good ordinary, and 13 for ordinary. Receipts light.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 18; selling at 1 21. Silver buying at 1 10; selling at 1 15. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 45, by car load; 1 45 in small lots. Rice, 10¼c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 15c; Tallow 12a15c. Sugars, A, 10½c; Extra C, 10; Yellow, C, 12a13; Brown, 14a14½. Rio Coffee, 20a24; Java, 35a38c. Beeswax, 33 a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 40c. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25c. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 20a21c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 40a50c; Tennessee, 35a40. Apples 7 00a10 00 per bbl. Eggs, 25 per doz. by the lot.

PROVISIONS—There is a light stock of bacon and prices rule stiff. Clear sides command 20a20½; clear rib sides 19½; shoulders 16a16½; plain hams 20a22; canvassed 20.

LARD—Choice in barrels 19a21; kegs and cans 20; inferior 18a19.

FLOUR—In active demand and stocks full. Superfine per bbl. 6 50a7 00; extra 7 50a8 00; family 8 50a9 00; fancy 8 75a9 25.

FACTORY GOODS.—The supply of Factory Goods is ample and the quality the best offered in any market. Brown Shirtings, ⅞ 11½; B. Shirting 3-4, 9½a1-4, 13; Bleached shirting, ¾, 7a9½; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 11½a14½; Brown drills, 14½; Bleached Drills, 16½; Stripes, 16½a18½; Checks, 18½a19; Montour Osnaburgs, 17½a18; Troup, 19; Yarns, 1 50a1 65.

BULK MEATS—Are also in light supply; clear sides 19¼; clear rib sides 18¼c; shoulders 14½; hams 18½a19.

GRAIN—Choice prime white corn very scarce; mixed and yellow more abundant. We quote mixed and yellow at $1 35, and prime white $1 40 in car load lots at depot. Wheat—red 1 25; white 1 35. The demand for Oats is steady at 80 per bushel, in car load lots, and 85 in small quantities. Rye, 1 25 in but little demand.

DRY GOODS.—In dry goods, Atlanta equals New York, and our wholesale dealers can duplicate New York bills, saving freight and expense of travel there and back. We call attention to the quotations: Ames 11; Sprague, 10½a11; Pacific 11; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 7; Amoskeag, 9 1-2. Ticking, Pittsfield, 10; Croton, 12; Albany, 12; Eastern B, 18; Amoskeag D, 23; Hamilton, 32; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A C A 35. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6½.

TOBACCO.—Atlanta is one of the best tobacco markets in the United States, for price and quality. We quote low grades, sound medium, summer work, 65. Stock small. Low grade, winter work (won't stand May sweat) 60a62½; fine 90a1 00; choice 1 35; leaf 20.

LIQUOR MARKET—Whisky, rectified, 1 25 al 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a3 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 5 0a6 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50a12 00.

HARDWARE—Sweden iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 8a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a 12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 75; 3s, common, 6 75; 3s, fine, 8 75. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 26a28c; German, 18a20.

COW FEED.—Hay, 1 70a1 85 per 100 lbs. Peas, (scarce) 2 75 per bushel; wheat bran, 1 75 per 100 lbs; Oil meal 2½c per lb.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bi-carb soda 7a8 per lb. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 30a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a8 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a 4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a8 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime, 85c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 4 00 per barrel, James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a 1 40; Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a 2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 40a45c; Petro, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 5 00a6 00. White lead, per lb, 11½a15; do., pure, 16½.

DRIED FRUIT.—Peeled Peaches 9a11c; not peeled 5a6c; Apples 5a6c.

HOGS AND LIVE CATTLE.—Live shotes, 6¼a7½, owing to size; stock fair; no demand. Live cattle on foot, choice 5a5½c; Common 3½a4c gross. Stock light.

BAGGING AND ROPE—India and Borneo bagging, 29a30c; Kentucky, 26a28. Machine made rope, 8½c; hand made, 8c.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 00; buck, 3 25.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 34 00a38 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; linings kins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry salted, 15a16c; dry flint, 16a18c.

Railroads.

THE
GREAT SOUTHERN
PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE!
VIA
ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and save an all night stop.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS
BETWEEN
West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection
VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase **Through Tickets** and have their **Baggage Checked** through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,
TO
Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.
BY
Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA
AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars
ON
All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta
BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a
Splendid Line of Steamships
From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at
Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta
TO
NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS
J. A. ROBERT,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
april1-dly

1870!

PASSENGERS DESIRING TO VISIT
ANY OF THE
Northern, Southern, Eastern,
—OR—
WESTERN CITIES
Should study well the attractions offered by the
WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD,
The celebrated Passenger Route of the South.

The Only Route from Atlanta
RUNNING A DOUBLE
DAILY THROUGH PASSENGER TRAIN,
Preventing the Possibility of a Delay of Twenty-Four (24) hours, incident to lines running but one Daily Train.

The Passenger Equipment of this Road is Superior to that of any Road in the South.

In addition to the
LUXURIOUS COACHES
Of the Road, there are attached to all night trains the FAR FAMED
Pullman Sleepers,
Which furnish accommodations equal to a first-class Hotel.

There are on sale at reduced rates, for the summer season, TICKETS to
Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs,
Montgomery White Sulphur Springs,
Alleghany Springs,
Coyner's Springs,
Black Springs,
Warm Springs,
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And all other resorts
IN THE UNITED STATES.

This is the only Road in the South offering for sale Through Tickets to
Yokohama, Japan,
Hioga, Japan,
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Steamers Leave San Francisco
—FOR—
CHINA AND JAPAN,
On the first day of each month.

Tickets can be purchased in all the principal cities. Baggage checked to destination and handled free. Ask for Tickets via
Western and Atlantic Railroad.

H. W. WRENN,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
A. L. HARRIS,
Master Transportation and Supervisor.
FOSTER BLODGETT,
Superintendent.
L. M. HARRIS,
Southern Passenger Agent.
junel8-dtf

KOSKOO!

THE GREAT REPUTATION
Which KOSKOO has attained in all parts of country
AS A GREAT AND GOOD MEDICINE!
And the Large Numbers of Testimonials
which are constantly being received from Physicians and persons who Have Been Cured by its use, is CONCLUSIVE PROOF of its REMARKABLE VALUE.

AS A BLOOD PURIFIER,
IT HAS NO EQUAL.
BEING POSITIVELY
The Most Powerful Vegetable Alterative Yet Discovered.

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

"The life of the flesh is in the Blood," is a scriptural maxim that science proves to be true. The people talk of bad blood, as the cause of many diseases, and like many popular opinions, this of bad blood is founded in truth

The symptoms of bad blood are usually quite plain—bad Digestion—causes imperfect nutrition, and consequently the circulation is feeble, the soft tissues loose their tone and elasticity, and the tongue becomes pale, broad, and frequently covered with a pasty, white coat. This condition soon shows itself in roughness of the skin, then in ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE diseases, and when long continued, results in serious lesions of the Brain, Liver, Lungs, or urinary apparatus. Much, very much, suffering is caused by impure blood. It is estimated by some that one-fifth of the human family are effected with scrofula in some form.

When the Blood is pure, you are not so liable to any disease. Many Impurities of the Blood arise from impure diseases of large cities. Eradicate every impurity from the fountain of life, and good spirits, fair skin and vital strength will return to you.

KOSKOO,
AS A
Liver Invigorator!
STANDS UNRIVALLED.
Being the only KNOWN Medicine
that EFFICIENTLY *stimulates* and CORRECTS the *hepatic secretions* and functional DERANGEMENTS of the LIVER, WITHOUT DEBILITATING the system. While it acts *freely* upon the Liver the *last cent of superfluous purging*, it *gradually changes* the discharges *to a perfectly natural state.*

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER COMPLAINT AND OF SOME OF THOSE DISEASES PRODUCED BY IT.

A sallow or yellow color of the skin, or yellowish-brown spots on the face and other parts of the body; dullness and drowsiness, sometimes, headache; bitter or bad taste in the mouth, internal heat; in many cases a dry, teasing cough; unsteady appetite; sometimes sour stomach, with a raising of the food; a bloated or full feeling about the stomach and sides; aggravating pains in the side, back, or breast, and about the shoulders; constipation of the bowels; piles, flatulence, coldness of the extremities, etc.

KOSKOO!

Is a remedy of *Wonderful Efficacy* in the *cure* of diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. In these Affections it is as near a specific as any remedy can be. It does its work kindly, silently, and surely. The Relief which it affords is both certain and perceptible.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

Persons unacquainted with the structure and functions of the Kidneys can not estimate the *importance* of their *healing action.*

Regular and sufficient action of the Kidneys is as important, say, even more so, than regularity of the bowels. The Kidneys remove from the Blood those effete matters which, if permitted to remain, would speedily destroy life. A total suspension of the urinary discharges will occasion death from thirty-six to forty-eight hours.

When the Urine is voided in small quantities at the time, or when there is a disposition to Urinate more frequently than natural, or when the Urine is high colored or scalding with weakness in the small of the back, it should not be trifled with or delayed, but KOSKOO should be taken at once to remedy the difficulty, before a lesion of the organs takes place. Most of the diseases of the Bladder originate from those of the Kidneys, the Urine being imperfectly secreted in the Kidneys, prove irritating to the Bladder and Urinary passages. When we recollect that medicine never reaches the Kidneys through the general circulation of the Blood, we see how necessary it is to keep the Fountain of Life Pure.

KOSKOO!

Meets with GREAT SUCCESS in the CURE o
DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,

Almost nine-tenths of our people suffer from nervous exhaustion, and are, therefore, liable to its concomitant evils of mental depression, contracted ideas, softening of the brain, insanity, and complete breaking down of the general health. Thousands are suffering to-day with broken-down nervous systems, and, unfortunately, tobacco, alcohol, late hours, over-work (mental and physical), are causing diseases of the nervous system to increase at a fearful rate.

The symptoms to which diseases of the nervous system give rise, may be stated as follows:

A dull, heavy feeling in the head, sometimes more or less severe pain or headache; Periodical Headaches, Dizziness, Noises or Ringing in the Head; Confusion of ideas; Temporary Loss of Memory; Dejection of Spirits; Starting during Sleep; Bad Dreams; Hesitation in Answering Questions; Dullness of Hearing; Twitching of the Face and Arms, etc., which, if not promptly treated, lead to Paralysis, Delirium, Insanity, Impotency, Apoplexy, etc., etc.

KOSKOO

Is NOT a *secret quack* remedy. FORMULA around each bottle. Recommended by the best Physicians, eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, etc.

The Best and Most Popular Medicine in Use.

PREPARED ONLY BY
J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D.,
ORGANIC CHEMIST,
Laboratory and Office, No. 6 Main Street,
NORFOLK, VA.
PRICE, ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.
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HARDWARE
AT
Wholesale and Retail

TOMMEY
SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS OFFERED
&
OUR STOCK IS LARGE
STEWART.
and varied. It consists of everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store.
TOMMEY & STEWART,
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TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS
AND
MILLINERS.
HILL & KETCHAM,
257 *Canal Street, New York.*
INVITE the attention of the Southern trade to their complete assortment of
STRAW GOODS,
and all articles in the Millinery line, consisting of Straw, Silk and Velvet Hats, Sundowns, Straw Cords and Tassels, Flowers and Feathers, Trimmings of all kinds, Bonnet and Hat Frames, etc.
Special attention is given to a line of Trimmed Goods, for country trade. Orders filled with great care. A trial of styles and prices is solicited.
HILL & KETCHAM,
257 Canal Street,
Between Broadway and Earles' Hotel
nov23-dly

ROSADALIS!
ROSADALIS
THE Great American Health Restorer, purifies the blood and cures Scrofula Syphilis, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Diseases of Women, and all Chronic Affections of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys. Recommended by the Medical Faculty and many thousands of our best citizens.
Read the testimony of Physicians and patients who have used Rosadalis; send for our Rosadalis Guide to Health Book or Almanac for this year, which we publish for gratuitous distribution; it will give you much valuable information.
Dr. R. W. Carr, of Baltimore, says:
I take pleasure in recommending your Rosadalis as a very powerful alterative. I have seen it used in two cases with happy results—one in a case of secondary syphilis, in which the patient pronounced himself cured after having taken five bottles of your medicine. The other is a case of scrofula of long standing, which is rapidly improving under its use, and the indications are that the patient will soon recover. I have carefully examined the formula by which your Rosadalis is made, and find it an excellent compound of alterative ingredients.
Dr. Sparks, of Nicholasville, Ky., says he has used Rosadalis in cases of scrofula and secondary Syphilis with satisfactory results—as a cleaner of the Blood I know no better remedy.
Samuel G. McFadden, Murfreesboro' Tenn., says:
I have used seven bottles of Rosadalis, and am entirely cured of Rheumatism; send me four bottles, as I wish it for my brother, who has scrofulous sore eyes.
Benjamin Bechtol, of Lima, Ohio, writes: I have suffered for twenty years with an inveterate eruption over my whole body; short time since I purchased a bottle of Rosadalis and it effected a perfect cure.
Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists.
Laboratory, 61 Exchange Place, Baltimore.
DR. CLEMENTS & CO.,
Proprietors
L. H. BRADFIELD,
Wholesale Agent, Atlanta, Ga., sells Rosadalis at Proprietors rates.
may 1-dly

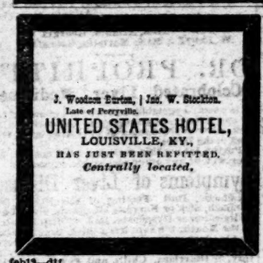
Chattahoochee House,
WEST POINT, GA.
THIS well known Railroad Dinner House has recently undergone thorough repairs, and the Proprietor is now better prepared to accommodate his guests than formerly.
☞ The Bar is supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
may23-dtf W. L. WILLIAMS.

LANDSBERG'S
LUMBER YARD,
OPPOSITE GEORGIA RAILROAD DEPOT.
Framing Lumber.
DRY WORKED FLOORING
AND
Weather Boarding.
WHITE PINE
SASH, DOORS & BLINDS.
july3—dtf

YEISER & RAGLAND
Wholesale Druggists,
ROME, GA.
SOLE PROPRIETORS.
We have used Dr Branham's Liver Medicine and cheerfully recommend it for the cure of all cases of the Liver. Chills and Fever, Headache, Dyspepsia, etc.
ALFRED IVERSON, Columbus, Ga.
JOHN HARKINS, Rome, Ga.
S. DUNLAP, " "
J. D. GREEN, " "
J. MARSHALL, Madison, Ga.
E. L. COOPER, Floyd County, Ga.
T. J. ROSS, New Orleans.
G. M. HILLYER, Vicksburg, Miss.
W. E. PENNER, Petersburg, Va.
T. B. HARWELL, Eatonton, Ga.
aug21-dcod3w2m

AT AUCTION.
ON the premises at 5 o'clock, P. M., Wednesday, 10th day of August, 1870,
Twelve Desirable Cottage Residence Lots,
On Pryor, Pulliam and Richardson Streets.
These lots have elevated building sites, good water, gardens inferior to none, and in one of the best neighborhoods in the city.
Persons wanting a cheap, valuable home should attend the sale.
Conveyances leave my office on Marietta street, at 4½ o'clock.
Terms—Half cash; balance in six months.
aug6-dtds J. H. BARRETT, Auctioneer.

SOMETHING TO EAT FOR EVERYBODY
—AT—
Chapman, Rucker & Co.'s,
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.
Having Accepted the Agency for the Celebrated Graves' Mills Flour of
LEBANON, KENTUCKY,
We are now Prepared to Furnish to our Patrons any Kind and Quantity of Flour at
THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES!
WE ALSO KEEP ON HAND A LARGE SUPPLY OF
CORN, BACON, LARD, SUGARS, COFFEES, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, ETC.,
WHICH WE PROPOSE TO SELL
AS LOW AS ANY HOUSE IN THE CITY!
may13-d3m


J. Woodson Burton, | Jno. W. Stockton.
Late of Perryville.
UNITED STATES HOTEL,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,
HAS JUST BEEN REFITTED.
Centrally located.
feb13—dtf

To All Whom it May Concern.
YOUR attention is called to sections 377 and 383 of the City Code. They have been so amended that one notification from me is sufficient, and I now notify all parties, who comes under the scope of said sections, to remove all obstructions, Sweepings, Hair, Fuel, Slop, or Washings, within six hours, and will say that you are not allowed to put the boxes, used to place such accumulation in, upon the street or sidewalk, except on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings, when a Scavenger Cart will pass around and empty them.
apr29-dtf G. W. ANDERSON, Marshal.

A GOOD CHANCE FOR HOUSEKEEPERS.
WOULD like a small family to take a neat, well furnished house of five rooms, kitchen, servant rooms, cellar, stables, etc., in a healthy, delightful part of the city. Should also like board for three—no children. Apply at Mrs. Agnes Turner's Fancy and Notion Store, or at her residence on Whitehall street. july8-dlm

Prices Reduced.
AS we shall move to Nos. 1 and 2 Granite Block, in a few days, we prefer to sell at lowest prices, to save handling.
aug2-d6t R. M. ROSE & CO.

Valuable Real Estate,
AT GAINESVILLE, GA., FOR SALE.
THE HOUSE built and occupied by Hulse Bowdry, deceased, a summer residence.
A large amount of Wood Land can be purchased, convenient.
Apply to
E. A. GOWER,
At Cartersville,
Or, R. V. COBB,
Gainesville, Ga.
N. B.—Some **Valuable Mill Property** for sale in the immediate vicinity of Gainesville. apr10-dtf

DR. W. A. HOOTEN'S
INFIRMARY FOR THE BLIND,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
CONTINUES to perform the most remarkable cures of the age on the Eye. Those wonderful works have already become matter of history, and are rapidly spreading their influence over the whole country. Any amount of unquestionable evidence can be readily furnished persons desiring information.
REFERENCES.
General John B. Gordon, President Southern Life Insurance Company, Atlanta, Ga.
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Ex-Governor J. E. Brown, Atlanta, Ga,
Rev. Dr. Jesse Boring, M. D., Professor Medical College, Atlanta, Ga.
Pemberton, Taylor & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.
I. P. Cox, President Baptist Female College, LaGrange, Georgia.
Rev. R. W. Fuller, Pastor First Baptist Church, Atlanta, Georgia.
Prof. I. J. Morris, Auburn, Ala.
Hon. J. T. Clark, Cuthbert, Ga.
Hon. John Erskine, Judge U. S. D. C., Atlanta, Georgia.
Rev. I. J. Wood, Rome, Ga.
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Captain S. S. Dunlap, Macon, Ga.
G. S. Dasher, Conductor S. W. Railroad, Ga.
Colonel B. A. Thornton, Columbus, Ga.
Hon. Wm. M. Tumlin, Cuthbert, Ga.
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Rev. A. S. Worrell, Editor Baptist Sentinel and Pres. Lex. Female College, Ga.
Rev. Ang. W. Walker, Conwayboro', S. C.
F. B. Moodie, General Agent Mississippi Valley Life Insurance Company, Louisville, Ky.
Hon. W. H. C. Davenport, Lone Star, Texas.
Hon. C. A. Stanton, Plano, Collins county, Texas.
Hon. Thomas Pullum, Union Springs, Ala.
Rev. Morgan Calloway, Pres. Meth. Female College, LaGrange, Ga.
J. J. Toon, Proprietor Franklin Steam Printing House, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev. D. Shaver, Editor Index and Baptist, Atlanta, Ga.
W. A. Hemphill & Co., Proprietors Atlanta Constitution.
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junel9-d3m Atlanta, Ga.

BRICK FOR SALE.
THE undersigned have at their kiln near Conyers, 125,000 first-class Brick now ready for delivery, which they will sell at a fair price, with a sufficient force of hands in the Yard to keep a constant supply. The Yard is conveniently located on the Georgia R-iroad. Any order sent to for Brick will be promptly filled. A sample of our Brick can be seen at the store of Tommey & Stewart, Atlanta, Georgia; also, at J. J. Spencer's office, Railroad Agent, Covington, Georgia, in a few days.
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UNITED STATES MAIL STAGE,
FROM
ATLANTA TO DAHLONEGA,
LEAVES Atlanta Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock, A. M., from office in Atlanta, at the United States Hotel, which is a first-class hotel—proprietors and clerks always ready and willing to accommodate. Passengers stopping at other hotels are requested to register their names for seat by 6 o'clock, A. M., as mail days, and they will be furnished a ticket when registered. Baggage taken to and from the office free of charge.
JOHN CAIN, Jr., Proprietor.
Atlanta, July 4, 1870.
P. S.—Express packages taken to and from the office. All other packages desired to be sent by the Stage will be received and delivered at the Stage Office and at McAfee, Kellogg & Co.'s store on Peachtree street.
I will also act as agent in reference to any land lots in Forsyth county. Address me at Cumming, Georgia. july2-3tf

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This is a hard, compact paper, like an ordinary book-cover, and is saturated with tar and used on the outside of frame buildings, under the clapboards, also under shingles and floors, to keep out damp, cold and heat. It is also used on the inside, not saturated, instead of Plastering, and makes a warm and cheap wall. It costs only from $2 to $3 (according to size) to cover houses on the outside. Sample and descriptive circular sent free.
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A DELIGHTFUL TONIC
We take great pleasure in offering the
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THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS
Will be found invaluable for
Want of Appetite,
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We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.
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GARDEN AND CEMETERY ADORNMENTS,
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IRON STAIRS,
Spiral and straight, in every variety of pattern. New and improved styles of Hay Racks, Mangers, Stable Fixtures, Stall Divisions, etc.
PATENT WIRE WORK,
Railings, Store Fronts, Door and Window Guards, Farm Fencing, etc.
BRONZE WORK.
Having fitted up our Foundry with special reference to the above class of work, we are now prepared to fill with promptness all orders for Bronze Castings of Statuary, colloseal, heroic and life-size.
ORNAMENTAL IRON GOODS.
The largest assortment to be found in the United States, all of which are executed with the express view of pleasing the taste, while they combine all the requisites of beauty and substantial construction.
Purchasers may rely on having all articles carefully boxed and shipped to the place of destination.
Designs will be sent to those who wish to make a selection.
apr 5—d6m

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IS A RECENT IMPROVEMENT.
Replaces the use of the Bitter Sulphate Quinine, with which all are familiar.
Dose for dose, it is
WARRANTED
Fully Equal in Every Way to Bitter Quinine,
And like it, is the one
Great, Positive, and Unfailing
CURE
FOR ALL DISEASES OF MALARIOUS ORIGIN.
Fever and Ague,
Intermittent Fever,
Chill Fever,
Remittent Fever,
Bilious Fever,
Dumb Ague.
And the long train of disorders following these when neglected.
SWEET QUININE
is made solely from PERUVIAN BARK (as is Bitter Quinine,) therefore is of Vegetable origin, and not a Mineral Poison, but on the contrary is proved to be one of the elements found in the blood of all healthy persons.
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over the use of old Bitter Quinine is the entire absence of that intense, persistent bitterness, which in the latter is an insurmountable obstacle to its use with most persons, and always with children.
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is in two forms—in Powder, for the use of Physicians and Druggists, and Pill, for use in the family and for the general public.
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sep30-dtf

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Will not corrode the iron, mould the contents, or lose their fire-proof qualities by age.
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febl-d6m

STRAYED OR STOLEN,
ABOUT six weeks ago, a black and white Cow, one ill gone and horns bored for hollow-horn. A liberal reward will be given for information of her whereabouts by the undersigned.
C. HUGHES,
Boot and Shoe Maker,
july3-dtf Pryor street.

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The McDowell House, Newnan, Ga.
A NEW Brick Hotel, well ventilated, and commodious. Good water, and the healthy climate. A retreat for invalids and the overworked merchants. Elegant fare, bountiful table, clean rooms. A. F. WHITE, Superintendent.
july9-dtf Newnan, Ga.

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MONTVALE SPRINGS,
Blount County, East Tennessee.
THIS favorite Summer Resort for the invalid and pleasure-seeker will be open for the reception of visitors, JUNE 1st, 1870.
The most marked beneficial results attending the use of these waters in functional derangements of the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys and Skin, and the cure of Chronic Diseases, attest the Medical Properties of these Waters.
Situated at the base of the Chilhowee Mountains, it presents the strongest attractions to both the invalid and the pleasure-seeker, no less on account of its pure invigorating atmosphere and the beauty of the surrounding scenery, than of the Restorative Powers of its waters.
Such provision has been made for the Comfort of visitors, that the Proprietor confidently promises satisfaction to his guests.
Daily Coaches, with mail and passengers, run between Maryville, the terminus of the Railroad from Knoxville, and the Springs, distant nine miles, over good roads.
Board per day $2 50; per week $15 00; per month, $60 00.
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JOS. L. KING, Proprietor,
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By CHISOLM, SMITH & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.
THE undersigned will sell at private sale, Two Small Farms, containing fifty acres each, or the one hundred acres together. There are sixteen acres heavy timber on one-half and twelve on the other. The land, if divided, will be cut in half, from East to West. Said land lies on the Griffin road, four miles from Whitehall, and a part of land No. 94, is in a good state of cultivation and lies well. If not sold before the first Tuesday in August, I will sell said property at public sale, at the City Hall.
Terms—One-half cash; balance in 30 and 60 days. Titles good.
For further information call at the law office of T. P. WESTMORELAND,
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Or, on Messrs. Tommey & Stewart.
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WE respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Georgia and adjoining States, to our
Wagon Manufactory,
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Where we are prepared to put up all kinds of Wagons, in neat style, upon short notice and at
REASONABLE PRICES.
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